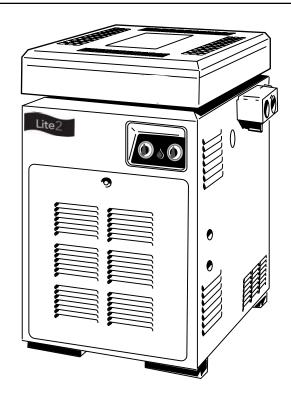
FOR YOUR SAFETY - This product must be installed and serviced by a professional service technician, qualified in pool heater installation. Improper installation and/or operation could create carbon monoxide gas in flue gases which could cause serious injury, property damage, or death. For indoor installations, as an additional measure of safety, Jandy Pool Products, Inc. strongly recommends installation of suitable carbon Monoxide detectors in the vicinity of this appliance. Improper installation and/or operation will void the warranty.

### Installation and Operation Manual

# Lite2<sup>™</sup> Pool and Spa Heater

### Model LD Natural Gas or LP Gas

NOTE: LD LP Gas For Outdoor Use Only



**MARNING:** If these instructions are not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result, causing property damage, personal injury, or death.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a nearby phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.



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# SECTION 1. General Information

#### 1.1 Introduction

This manual provides installation and operation instructions for the Jandy Lite2 Model LD pool and spa heater. Read these installation and operation instructions completely before proceeding with the installation. Consult the Jandy factory, or local factory representative, with any questions regarding this equipment.

Certain sections of this manual are specific to either United States or Canadian installations, and are labeled as such.

The Lite2 LD heater gets electrical power from an external 120VAC or 240VAC source and provides a dual thermostat Flex-Temp control system for pool/spa combinations or preheat convenience. The Lite2 LD heater also meets the California, New York, Hawaii, and Oregon state energy requirements for intermittent ignition gas appliances.

The Lite2 heater is specifically designed for heating fresh water swimming pools and spas, and with proper installation and care, they will provide years of reliable service. Do not use the heater to maintain pool or spa water temperature below 70°F. Do not use it as a heating boiler or general service water heater or to heat salt water. Consult your dealer for the appropriate Jandy products for these applications.

#### 1.2 Consumer Information and Safety

The Lite2 Pool/Spa heater is designed and manufactured to provide many years of safe and reliable service when installed, operated and maintained according to the information in this manual and the installation codes referred to in later sections. Throughout the manual safety warnings and cautions are identified by the "A" symbol. Be sure to read and comply with all of the warnings and cautions.

#### 1.2.1 Spa/Hot Tub Safety Rules

#### **A**WARNING

The following "Safety Rules for Hot Tubs," recommended by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, should be observed when using the spa.

#### **A** AVERTISSEMENT

Les Règlements suivants pour Cuves Thermales, tel que recommandés par la Commission U.S. de Sécurité des Produits pour les Consommateurs, devraient être respectés lors de l'utilisation du spa.

#### **A**WARNING

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission warns that elevated water temperature can be hazardous. Consult heater operation and installation instructions for water temperature guidelines before setting temperature.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

La U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission indique que des températures de l'eau élevées peuvent être dangereuses. Voir la notice d'installation et de fonctionnement pour le réglage de la température.

- 1. Spa or hot tube water temperature should never exceed 104°F (40°C). One hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100°F [38°C]) is considered safe for a healthy adult. Special caution is recommended for young children.
- 2. The drinking of alcoholic beverages before or during spa or hot tub use can cause drowsiness which could lead to unconsciousness, and subsequently result in drowning.
- 3. **Pregnant women take note!** Soaking in water above 102°F (38.5°C) can cause fetal damage during the first three months of pregnancy (which could result in the birth of a braindamaged or deformed child). If pregnant women are going to use a spa or hot tub, they should make sure the water temperature is below 100°F (38°C) maximum.
- 4. The water temperature should always be checked with an accurate thermometer before entering a spa or hot tub. Temperature controls may vary by as much as 4°F (2°C).
- 5. Persons with a medical history of heart disease, diabetes, circulatory or blood pressure problems should consult their physician before using a hot tub or spa.
- 6. Persons taking any medication which induces drowsiness (e.g., tranquilizers, antihistamines, or anticoagulants) should not use spas or hot tubs.
- 7. Prolonged immersion in hot water can induce hyperthermia.

Hyperthermia occurs when the internal body temperature reaches a level several degrees above the normal body temperature of 98.6°F (37°C). Symptoms include dizziness, fainting, drowsiness, lethargy, and an increase in the internal body temperature. The effects of hyperthermia include:

- Lack of awareness of impending hazard
- Failure to perceive heat
- Failure to recognize need to leave spa
- Physical inability to leave spa
- Fetal damage in pregnant women
- Unconsciousness resulting in a danger of drowning

#### 1.2.2 Swimming Pool Energy Saving Tips

Jandy Pool Products, Inc. offers the following recommendations to help conserve fuel and minimize the cost of operating your pool heater without sacrificing comfort.

- 1. The American Red Cross recommends a maximum water temperature of 78°F (25°C). Use an accurate pool thermometer. A difference of 4F° (2C°), between 78°F and 82°F (26°C and 28°C), will use as much as 40% more gas.
- 2. Carefully monitor the water temperature of your pool in the summertime. You can reduce heater usage due to warmer air temperatures.
- 3. Find the proper setting on the pool heater temperature control and use the TEMP-LOK to discourage further adjustments.
- 4. Set the filter time clock to start the pump no earlier than 6:00 AM during the pool heating season. This is the time when nightly heat loss balances.
- 5. If the pool is only going to be used on weekends, reduce the heater temperature control setting by 8 or 10 degrees during the week. Reset it to the desired temperature level a day or so before you plan to use the pool.
- 6. During the winter or when on vacation for longer than a week, shut down the heater by following the shutdown instructions found on the inside of the heater.
- 7. Where possible, shelter the pool from prevailing winds with well-trimmed hedges or other land-scaping, cabanas, or fencing.
- 8. Always use a pool cover when practical. Besides providing a valuable safety feature, a pool cover will reduce heat loss, conserve chemicals, and reduce the load on filter systems.

#### 1.3 Warranty

The Lite2 heater is sold with a limited factory warranty. Details are specified on the back cover of this manual

Make all warranty claims to an authorized Jandy representative or directly to the factory. Claims must include the heater serial number and model (this information can be found on the rating plate), installation date, and name of the installer. Shipping costs are not included in the warranty coverage.

The warranty does not cover damage caused by improper assembly, installation, operation or field modification. Also, damage to the heat exchanger by corrosive water, is NOT covered by the warranty. See Section 8.1 for maintaining proper pool water chemistry.

**NOTE:** Keep this manual in a safe place for future reference when inspecting or servicing the heater.

#### 1.4 Codes and Standards

The Jandy Lite2 pool and spa heater is design certified by CSA (Canadian Standards Association) as complying with the latest edition of the "Standard for Gas Fired Pool Heaters", ANSI Z21.56 in the USA and CAN-4.7 in Canada.

All Jandy heaters must be installed in accordance with the local building and installation codes as per the utility or authorities having jurisdiction. All local codes take precedence over national codes.

In the absence of local codes, refer to the latest edition of the following national codes for installation:

- 1. In the United States, "The National Fuel and Gas Code", ANSI Z223.1/NFPA-54. Pay special attention to the section covering, "Venting of Equipment".
- 2. In Canada, "The Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code", CAN/CSA-B149.1.

Any changes to the heater, gas controls, gas orifices, wiring, draft diverter, or improper installation may void the warranty. If change is required to any of the above, consult the factory.

#### 1.5 Technical Assistance

Consult Jandy Pool Products, Inc. or your local Jandy distributor with any questions or problems involving the specifications, installation, and operation of your Jandy equipment. An experienced technical support staff is ready to assist you in assuring the proper performance and application of Jandy products. For technical support call the Jandy Products Technical Service Department at (707) 776-8200 extension 260.

#### 1.6 Materials Installer Must Provide

#### 1.6.1 Materials For All Installations

The following items are needed and are to be supplied by the installer for all Lite2 heater installations:

- 1. The correct size gas pipe to supply gas from the meter to the heater (see Section 4.1 for correct gas pipe size).
- A manually operated gas valve to be installed in 2. the gas line outside of the heater.
- 3. A suitable gas union joint to connect the heater to the gas line.
- Plumbing items needed to provide a sediment 4. trap (drip leg) in the gas line between the manual gas valve and the union to the heater (see Section 4.1).
- 5. The appropriate wiring and conduit to supply the heater with either 115V or 230V, 60Hz electrical power.

#### 1.6.2 Materials For Special Installations

In addition to the items listed above, the following items are needed for special applications.

- A factory authorized draft hood and vent pipe for 1. indoor installations in the USA and outdoor shelter installations in Canada (see Section 3.2.2). Draft hoods are available from any Jandy distributor.
- 2. Primer and cement suitable for cementing CPVC pipe to PVC pipe and an appropriate coupling for connecting the factory supplied CPVC pipe nipples to PVC pool plumbing.
- A non combustible platform for installation on combustible surfaces (see Section 2.3.3). Non combustible bases are available from your Jandy distributor.
- 4. A factory approved vent cap for all outdoor installations where wind conditions may cause downdrafting. Vent caps are available from your Jandy distributor.

#### 1.7 Specifications

#### 1.7.1 General Specifications

Installation Location. 1.

Certified for use:

In the USA:

Natural Gas: Indoor and Outdoor LP Gas: Only Outdoor

In Canada:

Outdoor Shelter and Outdoor Natural Gas: LP Gas: Outdoor Shelter and Outdoor

Minimum Clearance From Combustible Mate-2. rial:

See Table 2 in Section 2.3.2

3. \*Gas Pipe/Heater Gas Valve Connection.

> Natural Gas: 3/4" NPT LP Gas: 3/4" NPT

\*For diameter of gas line from meter to heater see Table 3 in Section 4.1.

Supply Gas Type.

Certified for use with:

Natural Gas or Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LP Gas or Propane Gas).

5. Inlet Gas Supply Pressure.

> Maximum Minimum 5.5 "WC 10.0 "WC Natural Gas: LP Gas: 10.0 "WC 14.0 "WC

Water Pipe/Heater Connection†. 6.

> Threaded Unthreaded 2" NPT 1 1/2"\* Iron Pipe Copper Pipe 1 1/2" or 2"\* 2" NPT\*\* 2" Plastic

- Connections shown here are common sizes. Other sizes
- may be connected (see Sections 5.5 for details).

  Unthreaded 1 1/2" pipe or 2" pipe maybe used with special seals included with this heater.

  Threaded 2" CPVC nipples are supplied with the heater for connecting 2" PVC pipe.

7. Flow Rate:

> Maximum: 125 gpm (475 lpm) 30 gpm (110 lpm) Minimum:

- 8. Maximum Working Water Pressure: 75 psi
- 9. Exhaust Vent Connection Size: See Figure 1 in Section 1.7.2, "Dimensions".
- Electrical:

Supply Voltage 115 VAC or 230 VAC

Hz 60 < 5 Amp Secondary Volts 24 VAC 11. Modification of Heater for High Altitude: The Jandy Lite2 model LD heater is normally shipped from the factory in the low altitude (sea level) operational configuration. When requested, the heaters can be configured and shipped for higher altitudes. For field conversions to change altitude configurations, manifold kits for mid altitudes and high altitudes are available from your Jandy pool products dealer or by contacting the Customer Service Department at (707) 776-8200 extension 245. See Section 11, "Parts List", of this manual for the correct kit number for the manifold assembly needed for your altitude. Table 1 defines the altitude designations as described by the "Standard for Gas Fired Pool Heaters", ANSI Z21.56 in the United States and "Gas Fired Appliances For Use At High Altitudes", CAN 1-2.17 in Canada.

#### 1.7.2 Dimensions

See Figure 1 (following page) for a diagram showing the heater's exterior dimensions and dimensions to critical connections on the heater.

## SECTION 2. Installation Instructions

#### **A** WARNING

Improper installation or maintenance can cause nausea or asphyxiation from carbon monoxide in flue gases which could result in severe injury, or death. For indoor installations, as an additional measure of safety, Jandy Pool Products, Inc. strongly recommends installation of suitable Carbon Monoxide detectors in the vicinity of this appliance and in any adjacent occupied spaces

#### **A** AVERTISSEMENT

Une installation ou un entretien inadéquat peut causer la nausée ou l'asphyxie en raison du monoxyde de carbone présent dans les gaz de combustion et même entraîner des blessures graves ou la mort. Pour les installations intérieures, comme mesure de sécurité additionnelle, Jandy Pool Products, Inc. recommande fortement l'installation de détecteurs de monoxyde de carbone près de cet appareil ainsi que dans les espaces adjacents occupés.

#### 2.1 Introduction

Install the Lite2 heater, vent caps and drafthoods in accordance with the procedures in this manual, local codes and ordinances, and in accordance with the latest edition of the appropriate national code (see Section 1.4 "Codes and Standards").

All gas-fired products require correct installation

Table 1. Altitude Designations for the Lite2 Heater.

NATURAL GAS					
ALTITUDE DESIGNATION	UNITED STATES	CANADA			
LOWALTITUDE	0-3000 FT	0-2000 FT (0-610 m)			
MIDALTITUDE	3001-6000 FT	2001-4500 FT (611-1370 m)			
HIGHALTITUDE	6001-10,000 FT	NOT APPLICABLE			
Ľ					
LOWALTITUDE	0-5000 FT	0-4500 FT (0-1370 m)			
HIGHALTITUDE	5001-10,000 FT	NOT APPLICABLE			

to assure safe operation. The requirements for pool heaters include the following:

- 1. Field assembly (if required)
- 2. Appropriate site location (clearances) and flooring
- 3. Sufficient combustion and ventilation air
- 4. Properly sized gas meter and piping
- 5. Proper electrical wiring
- 6. Adequate water flow

This manual provides the information needed to meet these requirements. Review all application and installation procedures completely before continuing the installation.

#### 2.2. Field Assembly

The Lite2 heater is shipped from the factory with the top assembly in the low-profile configuration for outdoor installation. The Lite2 heater is design certified for indoor installation (U.S. only) when equipped with a drafthood, which must be installed without modification.

The Lite2 heater is also certified for installation in an outdoor shelter in Canada when equipped with a drafthood. An outdoor shelter is an enclosure not normally occupied which does not communicate directly with occupied areas.

Check the rating plate on the heater or the Parts List (Section 11) of this manual for the correct Jandy drafthood or vent cap part number. See instructions supplied with the drafthood or vent cap for installation and attachment. When the drafthood is used, locate the heater so as to be in the same atmospheric pressure zone as the combustion air inlet to the heater.

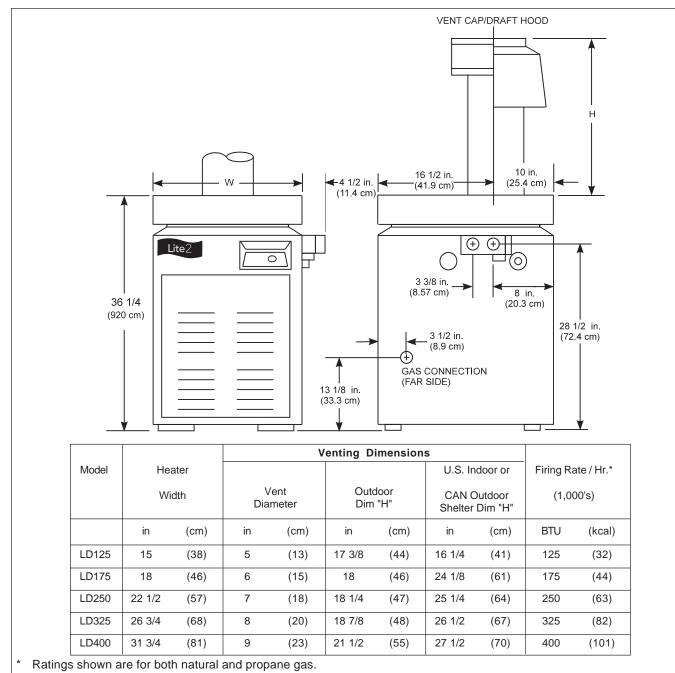


Figure 1. General Configuration.

### 2.3 Location Requirements

#### 2.3.1 Introduction

#### **A**CAUTION

When pool equipment is located below the pool surface, a leak from any component can cause large scale water loss or flooding. Jandy Pool Products, Inc. cannot be responsible for such water loss or flooding or resulting damage.

#### **ATTENTION**

Lorsque l'équipement d'une piscine est situé sous la surface de l'eau, une fuite provenant de n'importe quel élément peut causer une perte d'eau importante ou une inondation. Jandy Pool Products, Inc. n'est pas responsable des pertes d'eau, des inondations ou des avaries causées par une installation ou un entretien inadéquat.

The Jandy Lite2 LD heater may be installed indoors or outdoors as outlined in later sections. Location of the heater below *or above* the pool water level affects operation of its water pressure switch. See sections on water piping and heater start-up for more information about this.

Table 2.	Minimum Heater Clearances From Combustible Surfaces
Table 2.	Dégagements Minimaux à Assurer Entre les Parois de L'appareil et les Constructions Combustibles

SIDE OF HEATER	INDOOR (C INSTALLAT	OUTDOOR SHELTER) FION	OUTDOOR	INSTALLATION
	INCHES	CENTIMETERS	INCHES	CENTIMETERS
BLANK*	6	15	6	15
REAR	6	15	6	15
PIPING	12	30	12	30
TOP	44 112		OPENUNR	OOFEDAREA
FRONT	ALCOVE**	ALCOVE**	OPEN	OPEN

Note: Clearances listed in Table 2 are manufacturer's tested values. These are given as minimum values. Where local and national codes apply, and values are different than those listed in Table 2, use the greater value to ensure safe operation.

- \* Refers to side opposite piping
- \*\* A closet with no door (In US-18 in (46 cm) clearance, In Canada-24 in (61 cm) clearance)

Avoid placing the heater in locations where it can cause damage by water or condensate leakage. If this is not possible, provide a suitable drain pan to catch and divert any leakage. The pan must not block natural flow of air around the heater.

All criteria given in the following sections reflect minimum clearances as stated in the national standards. However, each installation must also be evaluated taking into account the prevailing local conditions such as wind speed and direction, proximity and height of walls that may block ventilation or cause down drafts, and proximity to public access areas.

#### 2.3.2 Clearances

The heater must be placed to provide clearances on all sides for maintenance and inspection. There must also be minimum distances maintained from combustible surfaces (see Table 2).

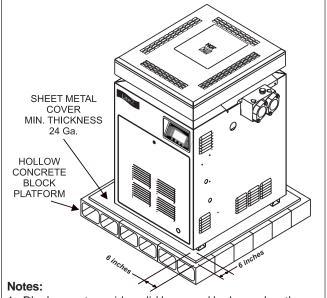
At least 20" (500mm) access must be available in front of the heater for burner removal.

If the heater is to be installed in a garage, or similar structure, all burners and burner ignition devices must have a minimum 18" (457mm) clearance above the floor.

#### 2.3.3 Flooring

The heater shall be installed on a **level** floor of noncombustible construction or on fire-resistant slabs or arches. Noncombustible flooring is defined as flooring material and surface finish not capable of being ignited and burning and with no combustible materials against the underside. Acceptable materials are those consisting entirely of a combination of steel, iron, brick, tile, concrete, slate, glass or plaster. **Do not** install the heater directly on a combustible wood or carpet floor without placing a noncombustible platform between the floor and the heater.

The heater can be installed on a combustible floor if a noncombustible base assembly, available from Jandy, is used. See the heater rating plate or the Parts List (Section 11) of this manual for the appropri-



- Blocks must provide solid base and be braced so they cannot slip out of place.
- Air openings in blocks must be arranged to provide unrestricted opening through entire width or length of base.

Figure 2. Non-Combustible Platform.

## ate base part number. Heaters must never be installed directly on carpeting.

As an alternative to the Jandy noncombustible base plate, in the United States, the National Fuel Gas Code allows a heater to be placed on a combustible surface when there is a platform under the heater made of hollow masonry no less than 4 inches (102 millimeters [mm]) thick, covered with sheet metal at least 24 gauge thick and extending beyond the full width and depth of the heater by at least 6 inches (152 mm) in all directions. The masonry must be laid with ends unsealed, and joints matched to provide free circulation of air from side to side through the masonry (see Figure 2). If the heater is installed in a carpeted alcove, the entire floor of the alcove must be covered by a noncombustible panel.

#### 2.3.4. Outdoor Installation

Lite2 heaters can be installed in the low-profile top configuration as received from the factory, or with an optional high wind vent cap.

Locate the heater in an **open, unroofed area**. Do not install the heater under a deck.

Do not locate the heater below or adjacent to any doors, glass openings, louvers, grills, etc., which connect in any way with an inhabited area of a building, even though the access might be through another structure (e.g., a garage or utility room). In the United States there must be a minimum of four (4) feet (1.22 m) horizontally **or** four (4) feet (1.22 m) vertically between the heater exhaust point and any door, glass opening, or gravity inlet to a building. In Canada, the heater must be installed so that the exhaust point of the heater is at least ten (10) feet (3.0 m) from any building opening (see Figure 3).

## WARNING United States

Do not install the heater with the top of the vent assembly within 4 feet (1.22 m) horizontally and 4 feet (1.22 m) vertically of any opening into a building.

#### Canada

Do not install the heater with the top of the vent assembly within 10 feet (3.05 m) of any opening into a building.

#### **A** AVERTISSEMENT

Lorsque vous installez l'appareil de chauffage, assurez-vous que l'ouverture d'aération se trouve à un minimum de 10 pieds (3,05 m) de toute ouverture d'un bâtiment.

The top surface of the heater must be at least three (3) feet above any forced air inlet, or intake ducts located within ten (10) feet horizontally.

If the heater is installed under an overhang, there must be a minimum clearance of 5 feet (1.5 m) above the top of the heater and the structure should not overhang the heater more than 12 inches (0.30 m). The area under the overhang must be open on three sides. This prevents combustion gases from being diverted into living areas through doors, windows, or gravity inlets.

Ne pas installer ce chauffe-piscine sous une saillie mesurant moins de 5 pi de hauteur. La partie sous la saillie doit être ouverte sur 3 côtés.

If the heater is installed close to a structure, protect it from rain water runoff with rain gutters on the roof or other measures. Do not locate the heater near irrigation sprinkler systems that could spray water on it. Water from sprinklers may cause damage to controls and electronic components.

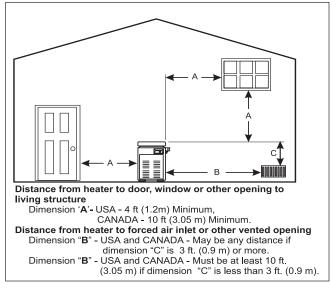


Figure 3. Outdoor Heater Installation.

Avoid locations where wind deflection off nearby structures might cause downdraft conditions. Where downdraft conditions exist, locate the heater at least 3 feet (0.91 m) from vertical surfaces (e.g., nearby buildings and walls). The addition of a vent cap may be necessary.

In Florida it is required that the heater be securely fastened to the equipment pad. Use a size 1/4" x 1-1/2" long stainless steel Tapcon® type concrete screws and washers at each of the four tabs located at the base of the heater. Mounting the appliance in this manner meets the applicable requirements of the Florida Building Code.

Mounting screws are not provided with this heater. After placing the heater on the equipment pad, drill a hole in the concrete at each of the four tabs on the feet of the heater. (The correct size drill bit is usually provided with the concrete screws when purchased.) Place a screw in each of the holes and fasten the heater to the equipment pad (see Figure 4). **Do not over torque the screws.** 

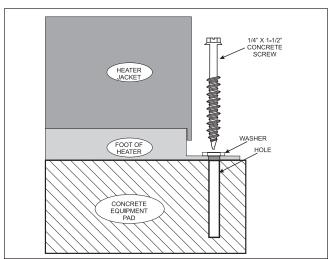
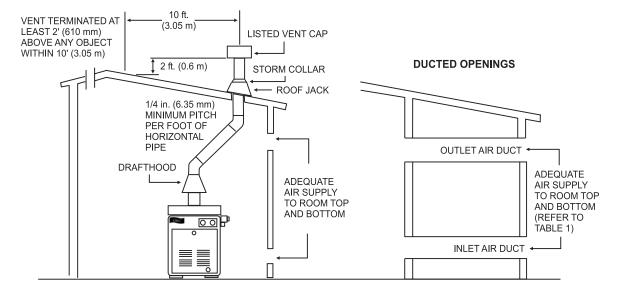


Figure 4. Anchor Heater To Equipment Pad





#### Notes:

- 1. An Underwriters' Laboratories or equivalent Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory listed vent cap is required to prevent downdraft and allow the heater to function properly and safely.
- 2. Use approved roof jack.

Figure 4. Indoor Installation Venting (USA), or Outdoor Shelter (Canada).

Table 3. Air Openings to Outside.

Required Net Free Open Area*				
	for Con	nbustion Air (	Openings	
	Direct fro	om outside	Duct fror	n outside
Model	in <sup>2</sup>	(cm <sup>2</sup> )	in <sup>2</sup>	(cm <sup>2</sup> )
125	32	(206)	64	(413)
175	44	(284)	88	(568)
250	63	(406)	126	(813)
325	82	(429)	164	(1058)
400	100	(645)	200	(1290)

\*Area indicated is for one of two openings; one at floor level and one at the ceiling, so the total net free area would be double the figures indicated. For special conditions, refer to NFPA54/ANSI Z223.1. In Canada refer to the National Standard CAN/CSA-B149.1 which differs from this table.

Note: If using screens and/or metal louvers, compensate by adding 50% additional area to each opening

If using wood louvers each opening must be at least four times the area indicated in the table above.

## 2.3.5. Indoor and Outdoor Shelter Installations

An outdoor shelter (Canada only) is an unoccupied enclosure which does not communicate directly with occupied areas. All indoor installations and outdoor shelter installations require the addition of a factory approved drafthood. The drafthood must be installed without modification and in accordance with all local, state, provincial and national codes.

Une remise extérieure (au Canada seulement) est un endroit inoccupé qui ne communique pas directement avec les endroits occupés. Toutes les installations intérieures et remises extérieures exigent l'addition d'une coupe-tirage intérieur approuvée par le manufacturier. La coupe-tirage intérieur doit être installée sans aucune modification et selon les exigences fournies par le manufacturier.

These codes, standards and Jandy Pool Products, Inc. require that the heater be properly vented as outlined in this manual. Proper ventilation of exhaust and combustion air are essential for the safe and efficient operation of the heater (See Section 3). An approved draft hood may be purchased from your local Jandy distributor. See Section 11 (Parts List) of this manual for the correct part number for you model and size heater.

# SECTION 3. Venting

#### 3.1. Combustion Air Supply

The heater location must provide sufficient air supply for proper combustion and ventilation of the surrounding area as outlined in the latest edition of ANSI standard Z223.1 or in Canada, CAN/CSA-B149.1, and any local codes that may be applicable.

In general, these requirements specify that the room in which a heater is installed should be provided with two permanent air supply openings; one within 12 inches (305mm) of the ceiling, the other within 12 inches (305mm) of the floor. All indoor installations must have openings to outside air for combustion, ventilation, and dilution of flue gases from inside the building (see Figure 4 and Table 3). Jandy Pool Products, Inc. does not recommend indoor installations that do not provide combustion air from outside the building.

All outdoor shelter installations (Canada only) must have uninterrupted openings to outside air for combustion and ventilation. The installation must be in accordance with the latest edition of CAN/CSA-B149.1. Jandy Pool Products, Inc. does not recom-

mend outdoor shelter installations that depend on internal air for combustion. Combustion air should be ducted to the heater from outside the structure.

Outside Air Supply: When combustion air is supplied directly through an outside wall, each opening should have a minimum free area of one square inch per 4,000 BTU/h (1.2kW) input of the total input rating of all appliances in the enclosed area. If air is provided through horizontal ducts, each opening and duct must provide one square inch of flow area for each 2000 BTU/h (0.6 kW). These requirements are summarized in Table 3. Note that the areas specified are net free areas and should be increased by 50 percent when the openings are covered by screens, louvers, grills or other protective covers (see Figure 4 and Table 3).

Note: In Canada, follow Canadian Standard, CAN/CSA-B149.1 or local codes.

**Exhaust Fans or Vents:** Any equipment which exhausts air from the room where the heater is installed can deplete the combustion air supply or reverse the natural draft action of the venting system. This could cause flue products to accumulate in the room. Additional air must be supplied to compensate for such exhaust.

The information in Table 3 is not applicable in installations where exhaust fans or blowers of any type are used. Such installations must be designed by qualified engineers.

If a blower or fan is used to supply air to the room, the installer should make sure it does not create drafts which could cause nuisance shutdowns of the pilot.

The heater must be completely isolated and protected from any source of corrosive chemical fumes such as those emitted by trichlorethylene, perchloroethylene, chlorine, etc.

#### **A**WARNING

Do not store any chemicals, cleaners, or other corrosive material near combustion air openings or in the room. Avoid locating dryer vents in the vicinity of combustion air openings. Failure to prevent corrosive materials from mixing with combustion air can result in reduced heater life and unsafe heater operation.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

N'entreposer aucun produit chimique, produit nettoyant ou produit corrosif à proximité des bouches d'air de combustion ou dans la pièce. Éviter de placer des tuyaux de ventilation pour sécheuse à proximité des bouches d'air de combustion. Le fait de laisser des matières corrosives se mélanger à l'air de combustion risque de réduire le cycle de vie de l'appareil de chauffage et de compromettre son fonctionnement.

## 3.2 Vent Pipe Sizing and General Installation

#### 3.2.1. Outdoor Installations

For outdoor installations, exhaust venting considerations will determine the placement of the heater (See Section 2.3.4). If the heater cannot be placed so as to meet the requirements stated in Section 2.3.4, a vent pipe and cap may be added to the heater to move the exhaust vent opening to a position that complies with the requirements. When the heater is installed in areas of high wind or when unavoidably installed near a vertical obstruction where downdrafting may occur, it may be desirable to add a vent cap directly to the top of the heater. In all cases, vent pipes and caps must be of the same diameter as the exhaust outlet of the heater. Approved vent caps may be obtained through your Jandy distributor.

## 3.2.2. Indoor and Outdoor Shelter Installations

#### **A**WARNING

Vent pipe diameter must be as required by the National fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1 or the Canadian Installation Codes for Gas Appliances CAN/CSA-B149.1. Undersize pipe can result in inadequate venting and oversize pipe can result in vent condensation. In either case the result can be release of combustion products to the indoors. This can cause serious injury or death by carbon monoxide poisoning or asphyxiation.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

Le diamètre des tuyaux de ventilation doit répondre aux exigences du *National Fuel Gas Code* ANSI Z223.1 ou du code canadien des installations des appareils à gaz CAN/CSA-B149.1. Des tuyaux trop petits risquent d'entraîner une ventilation inadéquate et des tuyaux trop gros risquent de provoquer une condensation dans les tuyaux. Dans un cas comme dans l'autre, des produits de combustion risquent de s'échapper dans le bâtiment et causer des blessures graves ou l'asphyxie par le monoxyde de carbone.

All indoor installations and outdoor shelter installations require the addition of a factory approved drafthood. The drafthood must be installed without modification.

All vent installations must be made in accordance with all local, state or provincial codes and with:

- 1. The section covering "Venting of Equipment" in the national Fuel Gas Code, ANSI 223.1 latest edition, or the applicable provisions of the local building codes.
- 2. In Canada, The Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code CAN/CSA-B149.1 applies.



Avoid long horizontal runs of the vent pipe, and 90° elbows, reductions and restrictions. Horizontal runs should have at least a 1/4 inch rise per foot (20mm per meter) in the direction of flow.

Avoid terminating heater vents near air conditioning or air supply fans. The fans can pick up exhaust flue products from the heater and return them inside the building, creating a possible health hazard.

Do not locate the vent terminal where flue products could strike against building materials and cause degradation.

Vent opening should be well away from trees or other obstructions that would prevent free air flow to and from vent terminal. Do not terminate the vent under decks, stairways, or car ports.

Be sure to support all venting so that connections will not separate and so that the weight of the vent pipe does not rest on the heater draft hood. All connections should be made with rustproof sheet metal screws. Do not weld or fasten the vent pipe to the heater draft hood. The draft hood and heater top must be easily removable for normal heater service and inspection.

The draft hood outlet is to be connected to an unobstructed vent pipe of the same diameter, terminating outside the building. The vent must terminate at least two (2) feet (0.61 m) above the highest point of the roof or other object that is within ten (10) feet (3.05 m) of the vent termination. The vent pipe must have a listed vent cap which allows a full equivalent opening for flue products (see Figure 4). The top of the vent cap must be at least five feet in vertical height above the drafthood outlet.

Type "B" double wall or equivalent vent pipe is recommended. However, single wall metal vent pipe may be used as specified in the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1 or in Canada CAN/CSA-B149.1

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Do not use sheet metal screws at the snap lock joints of Type B gas vents.

When venting multiple appliances through one common duct, each appliance must have it's own vent temperature limit switch. All vent limit switches must be wired in series so as to prevent any appliance from firing in the event of a blocked vent. Refer to ANSI Z223.1 or, in Canada, to CAN/CSA-B149.1 for more information on multiple venting.

# SECTION 4. Gas Connections

#### 4.1 Gas Supply and Piping

Review the following general instructions before continuing the installation.

#### WARNING

The Lite2 pool and spa heaters are designed for use with either natural gas or LP gas. Check the rating plate on the inner panel to be sure that the heater is configured to use the type of gas being supplied. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO CONVERT THIS HEATER FOR USE WITH ANY OTHER TYPE OF FUEL.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

Les appareils chauffage à Lite 2 pour piscines et cuves thermales sont conçus pour être utilisés avec du gaz naturel ou du gaz de pétrole liquéfié (GPL). Vérifiez l'information inscrite sur la plaque signalétique du panneau intérieur pour vous assurer que l'appareil est configuré pour le type de gaz fourni. NE PAS ESSAYER DE CONVERTIR CET APPAREIL À UN AUTRE TYPE DE GAZ.

- Gas piping installation must be in accordance with the latest edition of ANSI Z223.1 and all local codes. In Canada, the installation must be in accordance with CAN/CSA-B149.1 and all local codes that apply.
- Check the gas supply to be sure that it is the 2. same as the gas indicated on the heater's rating plate. Jandy Lite2 LD heaters, as shipped from the factory, are certified to operate within the altitude range indicated on the rating plate. If a field conversion to a different altitude range should be necessary, manifold kits are available for changing the altitude range of the heater. See Table 1 in section 1.7.1 of this manual to determine the correct altitude designation for your heater. Refer to Section 11 "Parts List" to order the correct part number of the manifold kit needed. When changing the altitude range of the heater, be sure to fill out the altitude conversion label, included in the kit. Apply the label on the inner panel of the heater, next to the original rating plate.

#### **A**CAUTION

Permanent damage to the gas valve will occur if the following procedures are not followed.

#### **ATTENTION**

Vous endommagerez la soupape de gaz si vous ne respectez pas les procédures suivantes.

3. Use the figures in Table 4 to size the gas inlet piping from the gas meter to the heater. Check all local codes for compliance before installing the heater.

Table 4. Natural Gas Pipe Size Requirements\*

Distance from Gas Meter						
Heater	0-50 feet (0-15 m)		50-100 feet (15-30 m)		100-200 feet (30-60 m)	
Size	in.	(mm)	in.	(mm)	in.	(mm)
125	3/4	(19)	1	(25)	1	(25)
175	1	(25)	1	(25)	1-1/4	(32)
250	1	(25)	1-1/4	(32)	1-1/4	(32)
325	1-1/4	(32)	1-1/4	(32)	1-1/2	(38)
400	1-1/4	(32)	1-1/2	(38)	1-1/2	(38)

#### Notes:

- \*1. These numbers are for natural gas (0.65 Sp. Gr.) and are based on 1/2 inch (13mm) water column pressure drop. Check supply pressure with a manometer, and local code requirements for variations. For liquefied petroleum gas, reduce pipe diameter one size, but maintain a 3/4 inch (19mm) minimum diameter.
- 2.Check supply pressure and local code requirements before proceeding with work.
- Pipe fittings must be considered when determining gas pipe sizing.
- 4. Install a sediment trap (drip leg) ahead of the gas controls (see Figure 5). Fit the trap with a threaded cap which can be removed for cleaning.
- 5. Install a manual gas shutoff valve for service and safety. Do not use a restrictive gas cock. DO NOT USE FLEXIBLE GAS PIPING, it will restrict the gas flow to the heater.
- 6. Disconnect the heater and its individual shutoff valve from the gas supply system during pressure testing of the system at pressures higher than 1/2 pounds per square inch (psi) (3.45 kilopascals [kPa]). If the test pressure is equal to or less than 1/2 psi (3.45 kPa), close the manual shutoff valve on the heater during the piping pressure test.
- 7. If the gas supply pressure is less than required, check for undersized pipe between the meter and the heater, a restrictive fitting, or an undersized

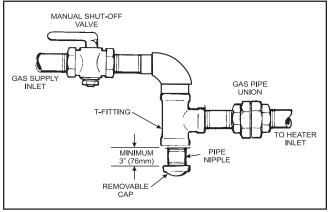


Figure 5. The proper design for a sediment trap/drip leg.

**Table 5. Gas Supply Pressure Requirements** 

Supply Pressure	Minimum	Maximum	
Natural Gas	5.5 Inches WC (1.4 kPa)	10.0 Inches WC (2.5 kPa)	
LP Gas	10.0 Inches WC (2.5 kPa)	14.0 Inches WC (3.5 kPa)	
Manifold Pressure	Nominal		
Natural Gas	4.0 Inches WC (1.0 kPa)		
LP Gas	9.0 Inches WC (2.2 kPa)		

gas meter. Gas supply pressures to the heater are listed in Table 5.

**NOTE:** The maximum inlet gas pressure must not exceed the specified value. The minimum value listed is for the purpose of input adjustment. Refer to Table 5.

8. Before operating the heater, test the complete gas supply system and all connections for leaks using a soap solution. Do not use an open flame.

#### **A**CAUTION

Some leak test solutions (including soap and water) may cause corrosion or stress cracking. Rinse the piping with water after testing.

#### **ATTENTION**

Certaines solutions d'essai d'étanchéité (y compris l'eau et le savon) peuvent causer de la corrosion ou de la fissuration. Rincez les tuyaux à l'eau après l'essai d'étanchéité.

#### 4.2 Manifold Pressure

Confirm that gas supply pressure is correct. If the gas supply pressure is less than required, check for undersized pipe between the meter and the heater, a restrictive fitting, or an undersized gas meter. Gas supply pressures to the heater, when it is operating, are listed in Table 5.

#### **A**CAUTION

Manifold gas pressure for the Lite2 D natural gas heaters should be set at 4" WC. Propane heaters should be set to 9" WC.

#### **ATTENTION**

La pression du collecteur de pression pour les systèmes de chauffage au gaz naturel devrait être de 4" WC. Pour les sytèmes de chauffage au gaz propane devrait être de 9" WC.



The manifold pressure may be checked by connecting a manometer to the pressure port on the outlet side of the valve. You will need to remove the 1/8" NPT protective plug form the port and install the appropriate 1/8" NPT fitting to connect your manometer. The pressure will be zero when the heater is not running. When the heater is operating the manifold gas pressure should be 4.0" WC for natural gas heaters and 9.0" WC for LP gas heaters.

To adjust the manifold gas pressure, first remove the slotted cap on the top of the gas valve to the right of the control knob. Under the slotted cap is a slotted plastic screw which increases the manifold pressure when turned clockwise and decreases the manifold pressure when turned counterclockwise.

After measurements, and adjustments if necessary, have been made, make sure to replace the 1/8" NPT plug on the manifold pressure ports, and the cap on the manifold pressure adjustment screw. It is extremely important to replace these parts before leaving the installation. Failure to do so can result in damage to property or injury or death.

With the heater firing, the pressure must be within the range shown in Table 5. Also check the pressure with the heater off.

#### 4.3 Special Precautions for LP Gas

LP Gas is heavier than air and can therefore more readily collect or "pool" in enclosed areas if provision for proper ventilation is not made. Installation of pool heaters in enclosed areas such as pits is not recommended. However, if such an installation is required be sure to pay special attention to proper ventilation for LP gas. Locate heaters a safe distance from LP gas cylinders and filling equipment. In the United States, consult the "National Fuel Gas Code" (NFPA 54 / ANSI Z223.1, latest edition) or in Canada, the "Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code" (CAN/CSA-B149.1), and any local codes and fire protection authorities about specific installation restrictions in your area.

## SECTION 5. Water Connections

#### 5.1 Water Piping

Figure 6 illustrates typical piping for pool equipment in pool/spa combination pools.

For normal installations, do not install a shutoff valve or any kind of variable restriction in the water piping between the heater outlet and the pool/spa. In special installations where a shut-off valve, diverter valve or other variable restriction is required in the plumbing between the heater outlet and the pool, Jandy Pool Products, Inc. recommends the installation of a pressure relief valve on the heater (see Section 5.6).

Arrangement of pool system components other than as illustrated in these diagrams can affect the operation of the heater's water pressure switch.

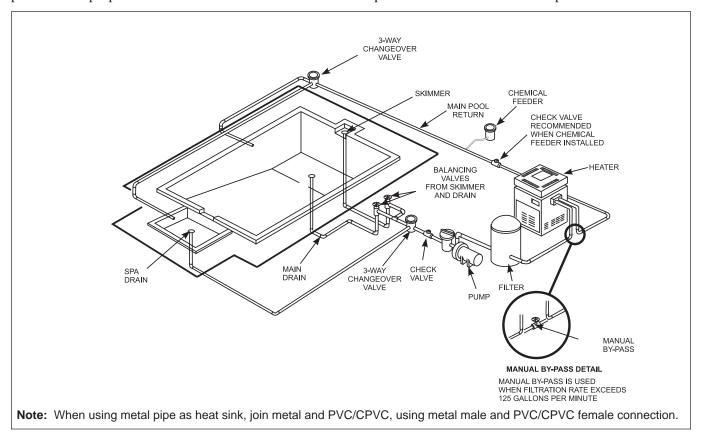


Figure 6. Typical installation.

Location of the heater above or below the pool water surface can also affect operation of the switch. In general, the pressure switch can be adjusted to accommodate this effect if the heater water connections are no more than six feet below the pool water surface and no more than 15 feet above it. See instructions for pressure switch adjustment (Section 7.5) in the heater start-up section of this manual for more information about this.

Note that when pool equipment is located below the pool surface a leak can result in large scale water loss or flooding. Jandy Pool Products, Inc. cannot be responsible for such water loss or flooding or the damage caused by it.

For special installations such as water connections below the water level of the pool, or for other questions contact the Jandy Technical Service department at (707)-776-8200 ext 260.

#### 5.2 Check Valve Installation

The heater must be protected from back-siphoning of water, which can result in dry starts. If there is any chance of back-siphoning, provide a check valve between the pool and the filter pump inlet.

When an automatic chemical feeder is installed in the plumbing, it must be installed downstream of the heater (see Section 5.7). A check valve must be installed between the heater and the chemical feeder to prevent back-siphoning of chemically saturated water into the heater where it will damage the components.

#### 5.3 Automatic Flow Control Valve

The inlet/outlet header of the Lite2 comes equipped with an automatic flow control valve. The automatic flow control valve maintains the proper flow through the heater at rates up to approximately 125 Gallons Per Minute (GPM) (474 liters per minute [LPM]). If the filter system flow rate is higher than approximately 125 GPM (474 LPM), install a manual bypass valve (see Figure 6), then perform a temperature rise test (see Section 7.6) and adjust the flow using the bypass valve until the proper temperature rise is obtained.

#### 5.4 Reversible Water Connections

Jandy Pool Products, Inc. ships the Lite2 heater with the water connections on the right side. The Lite2 heater can be installed with the water connections on either side. It could be necessary, or helpful, to switch the connections to the left side to improve access for installation and service. Perform this modification before installing the heater using the following procedures:

- 1. Remove heater door.
- 2. Remove all 8 hex-head screws fastening the top and lift the top assembly straight up (see Figure 7).
- 3. Remove rainshield assembly and set it aside.
- 4. Remove screws that fasten the gap closures to the jacket and put them aside. Remove gap closures.
- 5. Remove the screws securing the two flue collector hold down clamps and remove the clamps (see Figure 8). Remove flue collector.

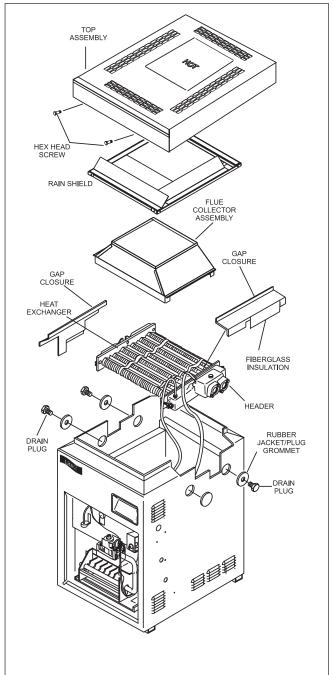


Figure 7. Heat exchanger reversal.

- 6. Remove the three rubber jacket/plug grommets and drain plugs (see Figure 7). One is located under the water connections on the right side.

  The other two are on the left side of the heater.
- 7. Tag and disconnect the white wire on the pressure switch (PS) and the white wire on the Fireman's switch terminal which leads to the high limit switch.

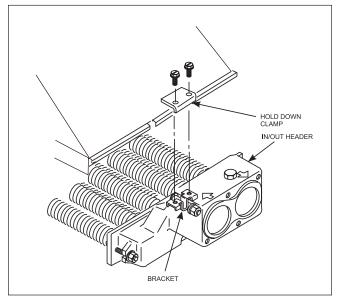


Figure 8. Flue collector hold-down brackets.

- 8. Remove plastic tie wraps and pull the white wires out of the front compartment through the vestibule cover and coil them on the heat exchanger.
- 9. Unscrew the brass compression fitting securing the pressure switch to the inlet/outlet header. Remove tube from header and gently bend it out of the way.
- 10. Loosen the screw securing the temperature sensing bulb retainer bracket. Slide the retainer bracket off the bulb flange and remove the bulb from the header (see Figure 9). Pull pressure switch tube through the hole in the vestibule cover and into the vestibule (controls compartment), then pull thermostat bulb assembly through same hole (see Figure 10).
- 11. When removing the heat exchanger from the heater, the end baffles of the heat exchanger (installed only on sizes 125 BTU, 175 BTU and 250 BTU) must be removed. There are two baffles covering part of the front and rear tubes of the heat exchanger. Each baffle is held in

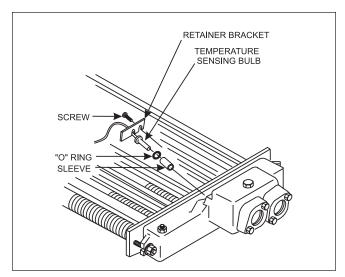


Figure 9. Temperature sensing bulb.

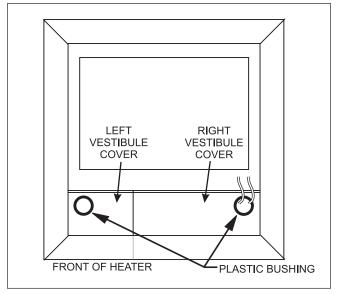


Figure 10. Vestibule covers.

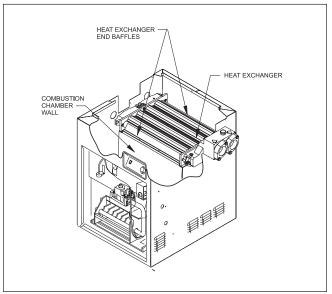


Figure 11. Heat exchanger and end baffles.

place by two screws which mount to the top of the combustion chamber wall. Remove the screws and the baffles before attempting to lift the heat exchanger out of the heater (see Figure 11).

#### **A**CAUTION

It may be necessary to have help lifting the heat exchanger out and replacing it.

#### **ATTENTION**

Il peut être nécessaire d'avoir besoin d'aide pour enlever et remplacer l'échangeur de chaleur.

- 12. Lift the heat exchanger assembly out of the heater. Reinstall heat exchanger 180 degrees (inlet/outlet header left) from it's original position.
- 13. After replacing the heat exchanger into the heater, the end baffles must be replaced. Each one is held in place by two screws which mount to the top of the combustion chamber wall. Reinstall the baffles on the front and rear of the heat exchanger before continuing with the "Reversible Water Connections" procedure.
- 14. Remove pressure switch retainer (plastic cable clamp) from the inner panel (allow pressure switch to float).
- 15. Reroute the pressure switch tube and thermostat bulb assembly through hole in left side of vestibule cover in reverse order.
- 16. Reinstall the temperature sensing bulb in the header, and fasten it with the retainer bracket and screw.
- 17. Reinstall the compression fitting at the end of the pressure switch tube into inlet/outlet header and tighten the fitting.
- 18. Route the white wiring from the high limit switches beside the heat exchanger and down to the original location following the pressure switch tubing. Secure white wires to the pressure switch tube with plastic wire ties.
- 19. Connect the white wire labeled PS to the pressure switch and the other white wire to its original location on the Fireman's switch.
- 20. Reinstall the drain plugs and tighten securely. Replace jacket/plug grommets.

- 21. Install the flue collector assembly. Be sure the front and rear panels of the flue collector are installed into the grooves on the front and rear combustion chamber heat shield panels. Be sure the sheet metal panels are not pinching any wires.
- 22. Attach the flue collector hold down clamps to the clips located under the two center header bolts.
- 23. Replace the gap closures and tighten the screws securely.
- 24. Double-check to make sure the wiring is not pinched against sharp edges, or resting on the flue collector assembly.
- 25. Reinstall rainshield assembly.
- 26. Replace the top assembly. Make sure the tabs are outside the heater jacket. Fasten the top assembly with the hex-head screws.
- 27. Install plastic tie wraps on wiring in the vestibule (controls compartment).
- 28. Install heater door.

#### 5.5 Connections at Heater

The heater has 2" NPT universal header couplings. You can connect threaded 2" NPT iron pipe, unthreaded 1 1/2" iron or copper pipe or unthreaded 2" copper pipe using the appropriate seals included with this heater (see Figure 12). However, by installing the appropriate pipe adapters, other sizes may be used.

Plastic piping (PVC Schedule 40) can be connected to the heater if local codes allow it, by using the CPVC nipples included with your heater.

To install plastic piping (see Figure 13):

- 1. Remove CPVC nipples from plastic bag.
- 2. Screw CPVC nipples into metal flange until tight, using Teflon<sup>TM</sup> tape on plastic threads.
- 3. Prepare the end of the pipe with the proper adapter, PVC/CPVC primer and glue. Follow the manufacturer's instructions provided with the primer and glue for preparation procedures and curing times.

#### 5.6 Pressure Relief Valve

A pressure relief valve (PRV) is recommended in all installations and is mandatory in any installation in which the water flow can be shut off between the heater outlet and the pool/spa.

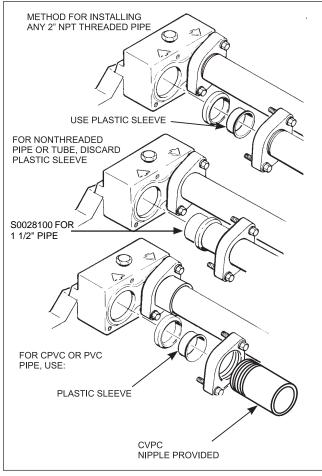


Figure 12. Piping installation.

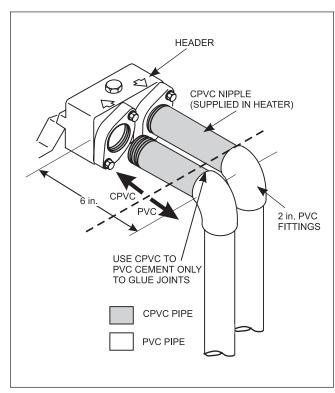


Figure 13. Plastic piping connections.

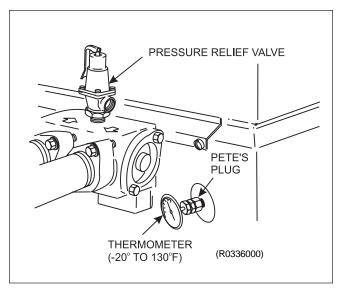


Figure 14. Thermometer and pressure relief valve.

A pressure relief valve is not supplied with the heater. However, it may be required by local codes. The pressure rating of the valve should be at or below the lowest working pressure of any component in the filter system. Any pressure relief valve installed must comply with provisions of the Standard described in ANSI Z21.22 for the United States, or CSA 4.4 in Canada.

To install a pressure relief valve, do the following:

- 1. Remove the 3/4 inch (19 mm) brass plug located on the top of the inlet/outlet header (see Figure 14).
- 2. Install the pressure relief valve in the threaded hole from which the plug was removed.
- 3. Be sure that the exhaust port of the PRV is plumbed so that any hot water is directed safely away from any public areas and away from any area occupied during servicing.

# 5.7 Auxiliary Components, Chlorinators, Ozone Generators, and Sanitizing Chemicals.

The Lite2 heater is manufactured with materials that are not compatible with high concentrations of ozone, chlorine, bromine, or other sanitizing chemicals. Heater damage caused by excessive chemicals or improper ozonization is not covered by the Jandy Pool Products, Inc. warranty. Be sure to adhere to the following:

 When ozone is injected upstream of the heater, install an offgas mixing chamber, or an ozone bypass system between the heater and the ozone injector to prevent ozone and air from entering the heater.

- When chemical feeders are used, plumb the feeder downstream of the heater and install an in-line check valve between the heater and the feeder (a minimum of 18" is required between the heater and the check valve).
- Never deposit chemicals directly in the pool skimmer.

# SECTION 6. Electrical

#### **A**WARNING

**ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.** This heater contains wiring that carries high voltage. Contact with these wires may result in severe injury or death.

#### **A**AVERTISSEMENT

POSSIBILITÉ DE CHOCS ÉLECTRIQUES. Ce système de chauffage contient du filage de haut voltage. Un contact avec ces fils peut résulter en des blessures sérieuses ou la mort.

#### **AWARNING**

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

Au moment de l'entretien des commandes, étiquetez tous les fils avant de les débrancher. Des erreurs de câblage peuvent entraîner un fonctionnement inadéquat et dangereux. S'assurer que l'appareil fonctionne adéquatement use fois l'entretien terminé.

#### **AWARNING**

Ensure that power is turned off at the source circuit breaker before attempting any service to the appliance.

#### **A** AVERTISSEMENT

Assurez-vous que le courant est coupé au disjoncteur de source avant d'essayer n'importe quel service à l'appareil.

Wiring connections must be made exactly as shown in the wiring diagram found on the inside of the heater (see Figure 16, following page). The heater must include a definite means of grounding.

#### 6.1 Main Power

The heater comes factory-wired intended for use with 240 Volt, 60 Hz AC field electrical supply. To use 120 Volt, 60 Hz AC requires rewiring of the heater. This should be done by a certified electrician only, as with all wiring. To wire the heater for 120 Volt, 60 Hz AC, follow the alternate 120V wiring method depicted in Figure 6. Additionally, the ignition control module must be rewired. The wire from the terminal marked IGN/240 must be removed from that terminal and placed on the terminal marked IGN/120.

Electrical wiring must be in accordance with the latest edition of the National Electric Code (NEC), ANSI/National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, unless local code requirements indicate otherwise. In Canada, the Canadian Electric Code (CEC), CAN/CSA C22.1 applies.

To wire the Lite2 model LD heater to a 120V or 240V /60 Hertz (Hz) electrical source:

- 1. Remove the screw located to the lower right side of the transformer and open the hinged cover of the wiring enclosure.
- 2. Connect the wires from the power source to the leads on the right side of the heater in the space behind the ignition control (see Figure 8). Be sure to follow the wiring diagram on page 7 to configure the transformer for the correct input voltage.
- 3. Attach the ground wire to the green ground screw located on the back panel of the wiring enclosure.
- 4. Close the cover of the wiring enclosure and replace the screw to hold it in place.

**NOTE:** No external junction box is required.

#### 6.2 Bonding

#### **A**CAUTION

This heater must be connected to a bonding grid with a solid copper wire not smaller in diameter than 8 ga.

#### **ATTENTION**

L'appareil de chauffage doit être connecté à une grille de mise à la terre par un fil de cuivre d'un diamètre de calibre minimal 8.

The National Electrical Code and most other codes require that all metallic components of a pool structure, including reinforcing steel, metal fittings and above ground equipment be bonded together with a solid copper conductor not smaller than a number 8 wire. The heater, along with pumps and other such equipment must be connected to this bonding grid. A special labeled bonding lug is provided on the right side of the heater to accommodate this requirement.

#### 6.3 Auxiliary Time Clock Wiring

If you install a time clock to control the filter pump operation, it is recommended that the time clock have its own low voltage (Fireman's) switch to turn off the heater before turning off the pump. The switch should shut off the heater about 15 minutes before the filter pump shuts off. This will allow for a more efficient operation by removing any residual heat contained in the heat exchanger back to the pool.

To install a time clock auxiliary switch into the heater wires (see Figure 15):



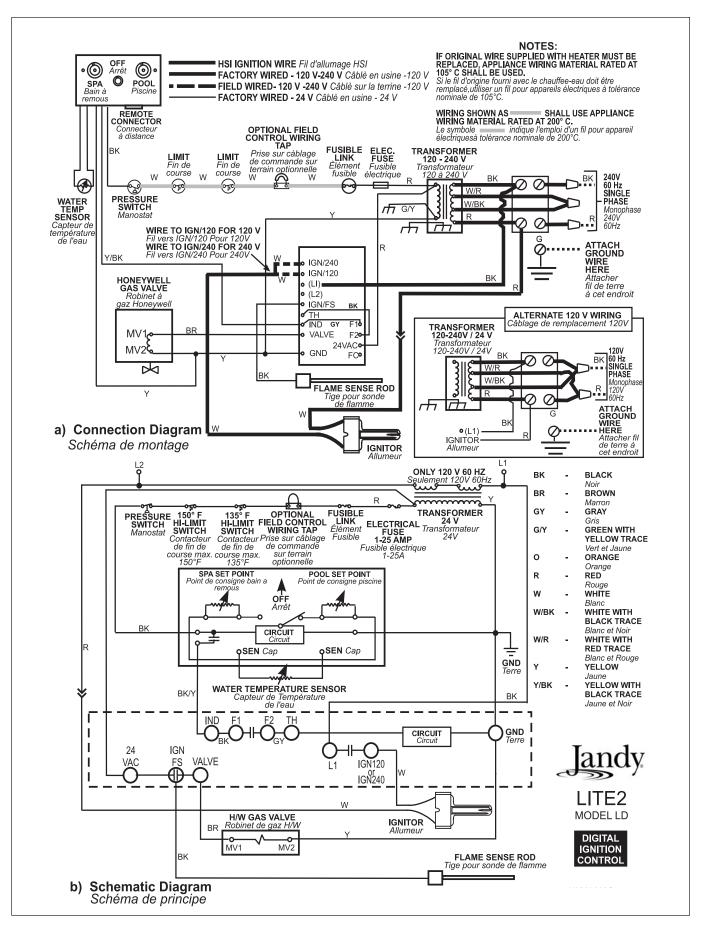


Figure 16. LD Connection/Schematic Wiring Diagram

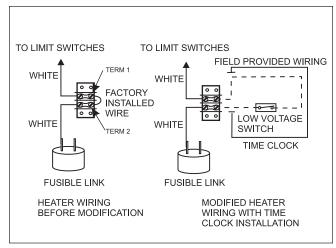


Figure 15. Time Clock Wiring.

- 1. Remove heater door.
- 2. Remove the factory installed wire between terminals 1 and 2 on the terminal strip (see Figure 15).
- 3. Connect the wires from the time clock auxiliary switch to the two terminals. Use American Wire Gage (AWG) No. 14 gauge stranded copper wire with a temperature rating of 221°F (105°C) or greater.

The length of the wire between the heater and the time clock should not exceed 10-15 feet (4.57 m). The contact points of the time clock switch should be silver, or a low resistance alloy.

#### 6.4 Remote Operation

The Lite2 pool/spa heater controls can be wired for remote operation. The Jandy AquaLink® RS remote control permits switching from pool to spa, with temperature set points for each, and turning the heater on and off from a remote location. Contact your local Jandy distributor for information on the AquaLink RS control system to fit your back yard recreational needs

An interrupt (on/off) type remote can be connected by removing the jumper wire on the terminal block located in the control compartment (see Figure 6) and connecting the two wires from the remote to the two terminals on the terminal block. This type of remote control will turn the heater on or off, but will not switch between the two temperature controllers on the temperature control panel or allow for temperature adjustments.

To connect a 3-position remote switch (not supplied by Jandy) to a Lite2 LD heater, order a wire harness assembly (Jandy part No. E0120000) which connects to the temperature control panel. Installation instructions are included with the wire harness assembly. This type of remote will allow switching between the "POOL", "SPA", and "OFF" function of the control but does not allow for temperature adjustments.

Consult with the Jandy Service Department with questions about installing remotes other than Jandy brand remotes.

# SECTION 7. Operating Instructions

#### 7.1 Normal Operation

The Lite2 model LD heater is capable of automatic operation based on a call for heat at a preset temperature. The heater has an internal safety system which allows operation in a variety of conditions and prevents operation when certain adverse conditions are encountered.

When the heater's transformer is provided with a 120 VAC or 240 VAC supply, it in turn provides a 24 VAC signal to the safety circuit. When water is flowing through the heater, and the temperature of the water entering the heater is below the temperature control setting, an operating cycle is initiated by the automatic control. The temperature control circuit is closed, activating the gas valve and the gas valve is opened. Gas flows through the burners, is mixed with air in the combustion chamber, and is ignited by the hot surface igniter which is energized by the ignition control. Operation will continue until the temperature of the water entering the heater reaches the temperature control setting.

If ignition is unsuccessful, or if the flame fails during normal operation, the temperature control circuit opens and shuts off the gas valve.

### 7.2 Start-Up

#### **A**CAUTION

Do not use this heater if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the heater and replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

#### **ATTENTION**

N'utilisez pas cet appareil s'il a été plongé dans l'eau, même partiellement. Faites inspecter l'appareil par un technicien qualifié et remplacez toute partie du système de contrôle et toute commande qui ont été plongés dans l'eau.



#### **A**CAUTION

Should overheating occur or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the heater.

#### **AATTENTION**

En cas de surchauffe ou si l'alimentation en gaz ne s'arrête pas, fermez manuellement le robinet d'arrêt de l'admission de gaz.

### **A**CAUTION

Do not attempt repairs on the gas controls or appliance. Tampering is dangerous and voids all warranties.

#### **ATTENTION**

Ne tentez pas d'effectuer des réparations au système de régulation du débit du gaz ou à l'appareil. Toute modification non autorisée est dangereuse et entraîne l'annulation de toutes les garanties.

#### **A**CAUTION

Keep all objects off the top of the heater. Blocking air flow could damage the heater, and may void the warranty.

#### **ATTENTION**

Ne posez aucun objet sur le dessus de l'appareil. Il pourrait empêcher la circulation de l'air, ce qui risquerait d'endommager l'appareil et d'annuler la garantie.

#### **WARNING**

Vent pipes, draft hoods, and heater tops get hot! These surfaces can cause serious burns. Do not touch these surfaces while the heater is in operation. Adding a vent cap reduces the temperature on the top.

#### **A** AVERTISSEMENT

Les tuyaux d'aération et le dessus de l'appareil deviennent chauds! Ils peuvent causer de graves brûlures. Ne touchez pas à ces surfaces lorsque l'appareil est en marche.

#### **A**WARNING

For your safety, when starting the heater, keep your head and face well away from the lower firebox opening to prevent any risk of personal injury.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

Pour votre sécurité personnelle lorsque vous mettez l'appareil en marche, tenez votre tête et votre visage loin du brûleur pour éviter tout risque de blessure.

Be sure that there is water in the pool and that the surface level is above the skimmer or other inlet of the pool's filter system.

Confirm that pool water is flowing normally through the pool system and equipment. With any new pool or spa installation, operate the filter pump with the heater off long enough to completely clean the water. This will remove any installation residue from the water. Clean the filter at the end of this operation before starting the heater. Start the heater in accordance with the Operating Instructions section of this manual, with particular attention to the lighting and shutdown instructions and temperature control operation.

When raising the temperature of a cold pool, remove all time clock settings. This lets the filter system and heater operate continuously until the water reaches the temperature setting on the temperature control. When that happens, the heater will automatically shut off, but the filter pump will keep running.

When the heater starts, immediately feel the outlet header of the heater to confirm that there is adequate water flow. The header should not be hot. Normally, water temperature will rise only a few degrees as it passes through the heater, and a "hot" header or pipe indicates low water flow.

#### **A**WARNING

When the heater is fired for the first time, the combustion chamber refractory binder material is driven out by the heat of the flame. White smoke and/or sharp odors may be emitted from the vent during this period. Do not inhale combustion product fumes at any time, and especially when these fumes are being emitted. This "burn-in" period will last only a few minutes.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

Lorsque l'appareil est mis en marche pour la première fois, le matériau liant réfractaire de la chambre de combustion est expulsé par la chaleur de la flamme. De la fumée blanche et de fortes odeurs peuvent se dégager du tuyau d'aération à ce moment-là. N'inhalez les fumées de combustion à aucun moment, surtout au moment où elles sont émises. Cette période de combustion ne durera que quelques minutes.

#### 7.3 Lighting and Shutdown Procedures

Before starting your heater, be sure that you are familiar with the setting and operation of the heater controls. Once the controls are set to your preferences, follow the instructions outlined on the following page. **Read and follow all safety instructions first.** 

A more detailed set of instructions of the operation of the LD controller follows in the next section.

**NOTE:** If your heater is configured to operate on LP gas and the LP tank runs out of fuel, turn off gas at the heater. After the tank is refilled, the heater must be relit following the instructions found on the inside of the heater. A copy of these instructions appear on the following page. DO NOT attempt repairs on the gas control or heater. Tampering is dangerous and voids all warranties.

#### **A**WARNING

Do not attempt to operate the heater with the door off. Doing so may cause severe bodily injury.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

Ne tentez pas d'opérer l'appareil sans que la porte soit en place. Vous pourriez être victime de blessures corporelles graves.

## 7.4 Turning the Heater On/Off and Setting the temperature control

The temperature control (see Figure 17) is calibrated at the factory and covers a range from approximately 70°F to 104°F (21°C to 40°C). Use an accurate pool thermometer to determine the best water temperature for your uses.

The Lite2 model LD has dual temperature controls, which allows two different temperature settings, selected by the rotary switch in the middle of the panel. One control can be set for normal use and the other for standby; or one can be set for pool and the other for a spa. Placing the rotary switch in the



Figure 17. Temperature controls.

middle turns off the heater (see Figure 17).

Once the heater has been completely installed, set the rotary switch in the middle of the control panel to either "POOL" or "SPA" to start the heater operation. If the heater senses that the pump is on and the thermostat setting is higher than the temperature of the pool/spa water, the hot surface igniter will ignite the main burners.

**NOTE**: The heater is designed to run only when the filter pump is running. If the heater does not immediately turn off when the pump turns off, turn the heater off at the control panel. The heater's pressure switch may need adjusting (see Section 7.5)

Once the pool/spa water temperature reaches the thermostat setting, the heater will automatically stop firing. As the pool/spa water temperature falls below the thermostat setting the heater will once again start the heating cycle.

Rotate the thermostat dial clockwise to increase the temperature setting and counterclockwise to decrease the setting. It may take several attempts to set the thermostat dial to the desired temperature. Be sure to use an accurate thermometer to measure water temperature. Once the desired temperature setting is found, loosen the screw on the Temp-Lok ring and rotate the ring until the stop rests against the knob. Tighten the screw to hold the knob in position. This will prevent accidental moving of the dial and possible overheating of the water.

**IMPORTANT:** The temperature controls cannot be calibrated in the field. If the control is faulty, shut down the heater by following the procedures in Section 7.3 and have a qualified service technician replace the control. DO NOT use the thermostat switch to completely shut down the heater.



### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE OPERATING

# PRÉCAUTIONS À LIRE AVANT D'UTILISER

**AWARNING:** If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result, causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

AVERTISSEMENT: Si vous ne suivez pas ces instructions à la lettre, il y a risque d'incendie ou d'explosion, pouvant entraîner des dégâts matériels et des blessures graves voire mortelles.

- This appliance does not have a pilot light. It is equipped with an
- ignition device which automatically lights the heater. Do NOT try to light the burners by hand.
- BEFORE OPERATING, smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

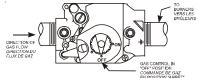
#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- · Do not try to light any appliance
- · Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

- Cet appareil ne possède pas de veilleuse. Il est équipé d'un dispositif qui allume automatiquement le chauffe-eau. Ne PAS essayer d'allumer les brûleurs à la main.
- AVANT DE METTRE EN MARCHE, humer pour s'assurer de l'absence de gaz autour de l'appareil. Sentir à proximité du sol car certains gaz sont plus lourds que l'air et ne s'élèvent pas.
  - MARCHE À SUIVRE EN CAS D'ODEUR DE GAZ
- Ne pas tenter d'allumer aucun appareil.
- Ne toucher à aucun interrupteur ; ne pas utiliser le téléphone dans le bâtiment.
- Appeler immédiatement la compagnie de gaz en utilisant le téléphone d'un voisin. Suivre les instructions données par celle-ci.
- Si l'on n'arrive pas à joindre la compagnie de gaz, appeler les pompiers.
- Enfoncer et tourner le bouton de commande du gaz à la main uniquement. Ne pas utiliser d'outil. Si le bouton résiste, ne pas essayer de le réparer ; appeler un réparateur qualifié. Une réparation forcée ou mal faite peut causer un incendie ou une explosion.
- Ne pas utiliser cet appareil si une de ses pièces a été sous l'eau. Appeler immédiatement un réparateur qualifié pour inspecter l'appareil et remplacer toute partie du circuit de commande et toute commande de gaz qui aurait subi des dégâts d'eau.

#### OPERATING INSTRUCT

- STOP! Read the safety information above on this label.
- Set the thermostat for POOL and SPA to 70°F (21°C), or the lowest possible setting and switch the controller mode to OFF.
- Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
- This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the heater. Do not try to light the burners by hand.
- 5. Remove the heater door.
- Turn gas control knob clockwise to OFF. 6.
- Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above on this label. If you don't smell gas, go to next step.
- Turn gas control knob counterclockwise \to ON.
- Replace control access panel
- 10. Turn on all electric power to appliance.
- 11.\* Set thermostat to desired settings for "Pool and Spa" and switch the controller mode from OFF to either POOL or SPA.
- 12. If the appliance will not operate, check that the filter pump is on, the filter is clean and water is flowing to the pool. Otherwise, follow the instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.



- 1. ARRÊT! Lire les informations de sécurité fournies ci-dessus.
- Régler le thermostat pour PISCINE et SPA à 70°F (21°C), ou le plus bas arrangement, et commutez le contrôleur à ARRÊT.
- Couper toute arrivée de courant de l'appareil.
- Cet appareil est équipé d'un dispositif qui allume automatiquement le chauffe-eau. Ne pas essayer d'allumer les brûleurs à la main.
- Retirer la porte du chauffe-eau.
- 6. Tourner le bouton de commande du gaz dans le sens horaire jusqu'à ARRÊT.
- 7. Attendre cinq (5) minutes que le gaz se soit dissipé. Puis humer pour s'assurer de l'absence de gaz, en particulier au niveau du sol. Si cela sent le gaz, ARRÊTER tout de suite! Suivre les précautions de la partie "B" ci-dessus. S'il n'y a pas d'odeur de gaz, passer à l'étape suivante.
- Tourner le bouton de commande du gaz dans le sens anti-horaire jusqu'à ON.
- Remettre le panneau d'accès aux commandes.
- 10. Remettre l'appareil électrique sous tension.
- 11.\*Régler le thermostat aux règlages désirés pour PISCINE et SPA et commutez le contrôleur de ARRÊT, à soit PISCINE ou SPA.
- 12. Si l'appareil électrique ne fonctionne pas, s'assurer que la pompe à filtre est allumée, que le filtre est propre et que la piscine est alimentée en eau. Sinon, suivre les instructions de "Coupure de l'arrivée de gaz de l'appareil" et appeler le réparateur ou la compagnie de gaz.

#### **COUPURE DE L'ARRIVÉE DE GAZ DE** TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE 'APPAREII

- Set the thermostat for POOL and SPA to 70°F(21°C) or the lowest possible setting and switch the controller mode to OFF.
- Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.
- Turn gas control knob clockwise to OFF.
- Replace control access panel.

- 1.\* Régler le thermostat pour PISCINE et SPA à 70°F (21°C), ou le plus bas arrangement, et commutez le contrôleur à ARRÊT.
- 2. Couper toute arrivée de courant de l'appareil s'il doit subir une réparation.
- Tourner le bouton de commande du gaz dans le sens horaire jusqu'à OFF.
- 4. Remettre le panneau d'accès aux commandes.

See manual for details of operation of thermostat control. H0208200D \*Voir le manuel pour les détails concernant l'opération du contrôle de thermostat.

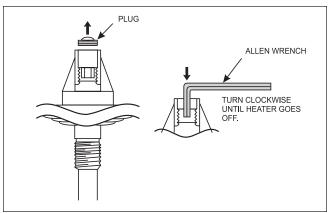


Figure 18. Pressure switch adjustment.

#### 7.5 Water Pressure Switch Adjustment

#### **A**CAUTION

The water pressure switch should be adjusted to turn the heater off when the pump is off. Setting the switch to close at too low of a flow can damage the appliance. Adjust the switch to turn the heater off, not on.

#### **ATTENTION**

Le manocontact de pression d'eau doit être réglé de façon à ce que l'appareil cesse de fonctionner si la pompe s'arrête. Si le manocontact est réglé pour se fermer lorsque le débit d'eau est trop faible, l'appareil risque de s'endommager. Réglez le manocontact pour qu'il arrête l'appareil, et non pour qu'il le mette en marche.

The pressure switch is preset at the factory for activation at 2 psi (14 kPa). Adjust the pressure switch only if any part of the filter system piping is 3 feet (0.91 m) or more above the top of the heater jacket.

Do not adjust the pressure switch if the heater is installed more than 15 feet (4.57 m) below or 6 feet (1.83 m) above the pool surface. Consult your local Jandy representative for recommendations.

On some installations, the piping from the heater to the pool is very short. The back pressure could be too low to trigger the pressure switch. If this happens, it may be necessary to install a directional fitting or elbows where the return line enters the pool. This will increase back pressure enough for the heater to operate properly.

Make sure the pool filter is clean before making any pressure switch adjustment. A dirty filter will restrict the water flow and the pressure switch cannot be adjusted properly. To adjust the pressure switch:

1. Set the control panel rotary switch to the OFF position (see Figure 17).

- 2. Set the POOL and SPA temperature controls to the Max position.
- 3. Turn filter pump on. If a two-speed pump is used, make sure it is at high speed.

**NOTE:** If using a two-speed pump, the heater should not be allowed to fire on low speed.

- 4. Set the rotary switch to either POOL or SPA. The heater should start.
- 5. Pry out the top rubber dust plug on the top of the pressure switch.
- 6. Use a 7/32 inch (5.55 mm) Allen wrench to turn the adjustment screw very slowly clockwise until the heater goes off (see Figure 18).
- 7. Slowly turn the pressure switch adjustment screw **counterclockwise** one-quarter turn. The heater should come back on.
- 8. Check the adjustment by turning the filter pump OFF. The heater should shut off immediately. If it does not, restart the filter pump and repeat Steps 6 and 7. Check the adjustment again.
- 9. Return the pool temperature control to the desired temperature.

#### 7.6 Temperature Rise

The automatic flow control valve (see Section 5.2) maintains the proper flow through the heater at rates up to approximately 125 gallons per minute (GPM) (475 liters per minute [LPM]).

A temperature rise test confirms proper water flow through the heater. The temperature rise is the difference between the temperature of the pool or spa water before and after heating, as measured in the header. Perform the following temperature rise test when the installation is complete:

- 1. Make sure the pool filter is clean.
- 2. Set the rotary switch on the temperature control panel (see Figure 17) to OFF.
- 3. Turn the filter pump OFF.
- 4. Remove the drain plug located on the inlet/outlet header of the heater and replace it with a Pete's plug (see Figure 14).
- 5. Insert a pocket thermometer (see Figure 14) through the Pete's plug into the header.
- 6. Turn the filter pump ON and wait 3 minutes. The heater remains OFF. This allows water from the pool to reach the heater.



- 7. Record the temperature indicated by the thermometer (cold water).
- 8. Turn the heater ON following the lighting instructions found on the inside of the heater.
- 9. Allow the heater to run for about 3 minutes. Record the new temperature reading (heated water).
- 10. Subtract the first temperature reading (cold water) from the second temperature reading (heated water). The difference between the two readings is the *temperature rise*. The temperature rise should be within the range shown in Table 6.
- 11. If the temperature rise is below the minimum range indicated, two possibilities arise:
- a. The supply gas volume is too low.
- b. The system's water flow exceeds 125 GPM (475 LPM), and requires a manual bypass valve for proper operation (see Figure 6).
- 12. If the temperature rise is above the maximum, there is not enough water flowing through the heater. Check for clogging in the water filter or restriction in the water pipes.

#### **A**CAUTION

Operating the heater with the temperature rise above maximum or below the minimum can damage the heater and may void the warranty.

#### **ATTENTION**

Opérer le chauffe-piscine au-dessus du niveau de température maximale ou sous le niveau de température minimale recommandée, peut endommager le chauffe-piscine et ainsi annuler la garantie.

**Table 6. Temperature Rise and Minimum Flow Rates** 

	Minimum		Minimum		Maximum	
Size	GPN	I (LPM)	°F	(°C)	°F	(°C)
125	20	(76)	27	(15)	36	(20)
175	20	(76)	33	(19)	42	(24)
250	25	(95)	33	(19)	42	(24)
325	30	(114)	28	(16)	38	(21)
400	30	(114)	30	(17)	39	(22)

- 13. If the temperature rise is within the correct range, complete the procedure as follows:
- a. Turn heater OFF.
- b. Wait 3 minutes, turn filter pump OFF.
- c. Remove thermometer and Pete's plug.
- d. Replace the drain plug.

#### 7.7 Adjusting the Manual Bypass Valve

If a manual bypass valve is installed, use the following procedures to adjust the bypass valve:

- 1. Clean pool filter.
- 2. Remove drain plug located on the inlet/outlet header of the heater and replace it with a Pete's plug.
- 3. Insert a pocket thermometer (see Figure 14) through the Pete's plug into the header.
- 4. Close manual bypass valve.
- 5. Turn on the temperature control to the OFF position.
- 6. Repeat steps 6 through 10 of the temperature rise test (see Section 7.6).
- 7. If the temperature rise is below the minimum stated in Table 6, open the manual bypass valve until temp rise climbs between the min. and max. range for your size heater. If the minimum temperature rise stated in Table 6 cannot be reached with the manual bypass fully open, then the gas supply volume is too low.
- 8. If the temperature rise is above the maximum, there is not enough water flowing through the heater. Check for clogging in the water filter or restriction in the water pipes.
- 9. Once the temperature rise is within the correct range, safety wire the handle of the manual bypass valve in place and tag the valve to prevent change in the water flow.

# SECTION 8. Maintenance

### 8.1 Water Chemistry

The mineral content of swimming pool water increases daily due to natural evaporation and the addition of sanitizing chemicals. If the mineral concentration in the pool gets too high, the excess minerals will deposit on the walls of the pool, in the filter system, and in the heater tubes.

The proper chemical balance in spa water is more critical than in a swimming pool heater operation. Due to the spa's size, high water temperature and heavy usage, chemical values in a spa can vary greatly. This chemical imbalance can result in unsanitary water conditions, and affect the life of the heater.

Proper chemical balances are necessary for sanitary bathing conditions as well as ensuring your heater's long life. Kits are available from your local pool supply dealer for making the various tests for mineral content. One of these kits will detect copper in the system. This is usually a warning that corrosion is taking place, possibly due to a low pH value combined with other chemistry problems. The condition can be corrected by changing the spa water and closely monitoring the pH factor and chemical properties of the water. Be sure to keep your chemical levels within the values indicated in Table 7. Jandy Pool Products, Inc. does not warrant heat exchangers damaged by corrosive chemical levels or excess dissolved solids in pool or spa water.

For spas, it is also necessary to perform water changes in addition to chemical treatment. It is recommended to change the spa water every 60 days for light usage and every 30 days if usage is heavy.

Table 7. Chemical Concentration Levels\*

Test	Recommended Level
Free Chlorine or	1.0 to 3.0 ppm (3.0 to 5.0 spa)
Bromine	2.0 to 4.0 ppm (3.0 to 5.0 spa)
pH	7.4 to 7.6
Total Alkalinity (TA)	80 to 120 ppm
Calcium Hardness (CH)	200 to 400 ppm
Cyanuric Acid	30 to 50 ppm
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	Less than 2000 ppm
Copper	0 ppm

<sup>\*</sup> Concentration levels taken from "Basic Pool and Spa Technology" published by NSPI (National Spa and Pool Institute).

#### 8.2 Seasonal Care

#### **A**CAUTION

Do not operate this heater outdoors at temperatures below 20 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) (-7 degrees Celsius [°C]).

### **ATTENTION**

Ne faites pas fonctionner cet appareil à l'extérieur à des températures inférieures à 20 degrés Fahrenheit (°F) (-7 degrés Celsius [°C]).

#### 8.2.1 Spring and Fall Operation

During periods when the pool is only going to be used occasionally, turn the temperature control down to the MIN setting. This prevents the pool water from becoming chilled, and minimizes the time required to raise the pool water back up to the desired temperature.

In areas subject to only short freeze periods, turn off the heater and run the pump continuously for the length of the freeze period.

If the heater is not going to be used for a long period of time, shut it down completely. Follow the instructions found on the inside of the heater, or page 20 of this manual.

#### 8.2.2 Winterizing

In areas where freezing temperatures occur in winter, and the pool or spa will not be used, have your service technician perform the following steps:

- 1. Turn off the main gas supply valve to the heater, outside the heater jacket.
- 2. Remove heater door.
- 3. Shut down the heater following the shutdown instructions found on the inside of the heater or on page 20 of this manual.
- 4. Remove the drain plug from the return header (see Figure 19), loosen the drain plug from the inlet/outlet header, and completely drain the heater before the first frost.
- 5. After all water has drained from the heater, remove the drain plug from the inlet/outlet side. Check for mineral buildup in the openings.
- 6. Use compressed air to blow out any standing water remaining in the heat exchanger.
- 7. Grease the threads on the drain plugs and reinstall plugs, but do not tighten.
- 8. Disconnect the pressure switch from the siphon tube (copper tubing) (see Figure 20).

#### 8.2.3 Spring Start-up

To restart the heater in the Spring, have a professional service technician reassemble the heater as follows:

- 1. Attach the copper tubing to the pressure switch (see Figure 20).
- 2. Tighten the drain plugs.
- 3. Turn on the filter pump and circulate water through the heater for 5 minutes. Check for leaks while circulating.



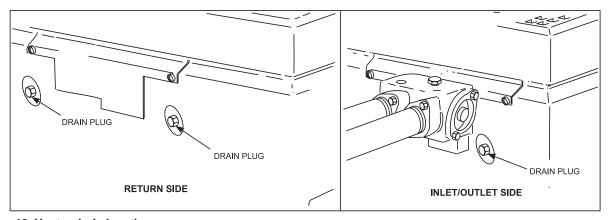


Figure 19. Heater drain locations.

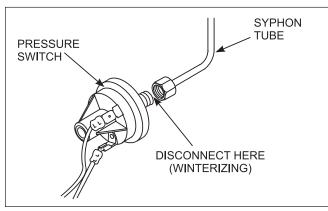


Figure 20. Pressure switch copper tubing.

- 4. Turn on the main gas supply valve to the heater, outside the heater jacket.
- 5. Turn on the heater following the lighting instructions found on the inside of the heater, or page 17 of this manual.

#### 8.3 Inspection and Service

The Lite2 LD heater is designed and constructed to provide long performance life when installed and operated properly under normal conditions. Periodic inspections, especially at spring start-up, are important to keep your heater running safely and efficiently through the years. Improper maintenance can result in conditions where nausea or asphyxiation from carbon monoxide or flue gases could cause severe injury, property damage or death.

#### **WARNING**

Improper installation or maintenance can cause nausea or asphyxiation from carbon monoxide in flue gases which could result in severe injury, or death.

#### **AVERTISSEMENT**

Une installation ou un entretien inadéquat peut causer la nausée ou l'asphyxie en raison du monoxyde de carbone présent dans les gaz de combustion et même entraîner des blessures graves ou la mort.

#### 8.3.1 Owner Inspection

Jandy Pool Products, Inc. recommends that you inspect the heater on a continual basis and especially after abnormal weather conditions. The following basic guidelines are suggested for your inspection:

- 1. Keep the top and surrounding area of the heater clear of all debris.
- 2. Keep the area around and beneath the heater clean and free of all combustible materials such as paper, leaves, etc.
- 3. Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors, liquids or chemicals in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

Ne pas entreposer ni utiliser d'essence ni d'autres vapeurs ou liquides inflammables à proximité de cet appareil ou de tout autre appareil.

4. Do not use the heater if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified professional technician to inspect the heater and replace any part of the control system which has been submerged.

N'utilisez pas cet appareil s'il a été plongé dans l'eau, même partiellement. Faites inspecter l'appareil par un technicien qualifié et remplacez toute partie du système de contrôle et toute commande qui ont été plongés dans l'eau.

5. If the heater is equipped with a pressure relief valve, check for corrosion in and around the valve. With the filter pump on, lift the release lever on the top of the valve to make sure that

water runs freely through it. If corrosion is found, replace the pressure relief valve. When replacing the valve, be sure that the pump is off. Install the valve so that the discharge is directed away from any area that may be damaged by water.

6. Be sure all combustion air and ventilation openings are not blocked. Check for spider webs and other debris inside the heater, in the vents on all sides of the heater jacket and in the exhaust outlet– especially after a long period of nonuse.

#### 8.3.2. Professional Inspection

Inspections performed at least once a year by a qualified technician are required to maintain your heater's safe and efficient operation. The following basic safety checks must be performed.

- 1. Inspect the venting system for blockage, leakage, and corrosion.
- 2. Inspect burners and verify that they are clean. Clean with a wire brush if necessary to remove debris.
- 3. Check for spider webs and other debris in the main burner orifices especially at spring start-up.
- 4. Check for loose or broken wires and terminal connections.
- 5. Make sure that the pressure switch operates properly by shutting the filter pump off and on a few times. The burner should go off immediately after the pump stops. An ignition sequence should start shortly after the pump is turned back on.
- 6. Make a visual check of the main burner flame. The flame can be seen in a mirror arrangement held beneath the burners. The flame should be a. Blue in color.
  - b. 1 to 4 inches (25mm to 102mm) above burner surface (see Figure 21).
- 7. Inspect the gas and electronic controls, including the following:
  - a. High temperature limit switch
  - b. Water pressure switch
  - c. Automatic gas valve
  - d. Fusible Link
  - e. Temperature control
  - f. Control circuit fuse
- 8. Perform a temperature rise test in accordance with Section 7.6.

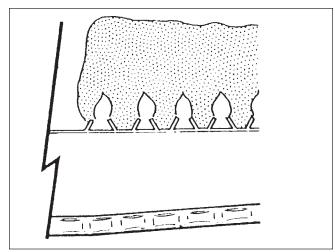


Figure 21. Main Burner Flame.

- 9. If the heater is equipped with a pressure relief valve, check for corrosion in and around the valve. With the filter pump on, lift the release lever on the top of the valve to make sure that water runs freely through it. If corrosion is found, replace the pressure relief valve. When replacing the valve, be sure that the pump is off. Install the valve so that the discharge is directed away from any area that may be damaged by water.
- 10. Inspect the external surfaces of the heat exchanger tubes for black carbon soot buildup by placing a mirror between and under the burners when the heater is firing. Remove any soot that has collected on the tubes, and correct the cause.

**NOTE:** After installation and first start-up, check the heat exchanger for black carbon soot buildup after the following periods of operation: 24 hours, 7 days, 30 days, 90 days, and once every 6 months thereafter.

11. Conduct a normal operating cycle and observe that the sequence proceeds as intended.

#### **A**CAUTION

For your safety, when starting the heater, keep your head and face away from the burner area opening to prevent any risk of personal injury.

#### **ATTENTION**

Pour votre sécurité personnelle, lorsque vous mettez l'appareil en marche, tenez votre tête et votre visage loin du brûleur pour éviter tout risque de blessure.



**NOTE**: Keep this manual in a safe place for future reference by you and your professional technician when inspecting and servicing the heater.

# SECTION 9. Troubleshooting

### 9.1 General Heater Troubleshooting

The following table lists some of the more common problems, causes and solutions encountered when running the heater. Most problems occur when the heater is being started for the first time after installation or at Spring start-up. Careful installation and maintenance will help ensure years of trouble free use from your Lite2 pool heater.

### 9.2 Troubleshooting Guide

#	Symptom	Cause	Remedy
1.	Pump not operating	A.No power B. Pump defective C. Incorrectly wired	A.Check circuit breakers and power source.     B. Replace.     C. Recheck wiring.
2.	Hot surface igniter does not glow	A.No power to heater B. Heater not grounded correctly C. Broken or faulty hot surface igniter D. Faulty ignition control	<ul><li>A.Check circuit breakers and power source.</li><li>B.Check ground wire connection.</li><li>C. Replace hot surface igniter.</li><li>D. Replace ignition control.</li></ul>
3.	Flame roll-out on start-up	A. Blocked flue     B. Pilot out of position (delayed ignition)     C. Blocked heat exchanger     D. Refractory blanket out of place     E. Altered draft hood	A. Remove blockage.     B. Correct pilot position.     C. Clean and correct as necessary.     D. Correct or replace blanket as necessary.     E. Install factory-provided draft hood.
4.	Spillage at draft hood	A. Cold chimney B. Vent pipe pitches down to chimney C. Blocked chimney D. Draft hood altered E. Prefabricated chimney with incorrect cap	A. Allow heater to operate 5 minutes to create draft action. B. Reinstall vent pipe to pitch up from heater to chimney. C. Remove blockage. D. Install factory-provided draft hood. E. Install U.L. listed vent cap.
5.	Flame has lazy yellow tip	A. Low primary air	A. Correct manifold pressure according to rating plate. Correct orifice size if necessary (see parts list). Clean burner ports if dirty.
6.	Not enough heat	A. Inadequate gas supply     B. Low manifold gas pressure     C. Heater size inadequate	A. Gas meter too small. Gas line from meter to heater too small. B. Gas pressure on heater manifold, should be adjusted to 4.0"W.C. for natural gas, 9.0"W.C. for propane. C. Replace with heater of higher input.
7.	Heater pounding or knocking	A.Inadequate water flow through heater	A.Check temperature rise between inlet and outlet heater piping. See section 7.6 for recommended range of temperature rise. If temperature rise is above the maximum recommended, increase pipe size or pump capacity or locate obstruction. Check for closed valve in system.
8.	Heater condensing	A.Low water temperature	A. Flue product moisture will condense at the start-up until the heater water temperature reaches the normal operating conditions.
9.	Pressure relief valve opens	A. Restriction in water flow system at or downstream of heater.	A. Check for proper operation of all valves, bypass valve and any equipment between pool and heater outlet.
10.	Igniter glows but main burners will not come on	A. Gas valve not at "on" position     B. Hi-limit switches failed  C. Pressure switch failed or out of adjustment	A.Turn knob to "on" position.     B. Investigate reason for overheating and replace hi-limit switch as necessary .     C. Adjust pressure switch (see Section 7.5) or replace as necessary.
44		D. Fusible link failed     E. Gas valve failed     F. Broken wire in thermostat circuit or defective thermostat     G. Heater wired incorrectly	D. Investigate reason for flame rollout and replace fusible link as necessary.  E. Check and replace gas valve as necessary.  F. Check continuity through thermostat circuit with wires disconnected.  G. Check heater wiring against wiring diagram on page 18, correct as necessary.
11.	Heater short cycles	A. Low water flow through heater     B. Failing hi-limit switch	A. Increase size of pump or increase piping size.     B. Check High limit switches and replace as necessary.

#### SECTION 10.

# **Professional Maintenance, Service and Diagnostic Troubleshooting**

#### **WARNING**

#### **SERVICING SAFETY**

Some of the servicing procedures for the Lite2 model LD pool heater are hazardous because they involve fuel gas, high voltage electricity, moving parts and procedures which require testing or temporary bypass of safety controls. For this reason, the heater must be serviced only by a qualified professional service technician.

#### **IMPROPER SERVICE HAZARD**

The Lite2 model LD pool heater incorporates unique design features. Incorrect service of this heater can result in personal injury or damage to property. To avoid such hazards, the heater must be serviced only by a qualified professional service technician.

### AVERTISSEMENT

## PRÉCAUTIONS LORS DES RÉPARATIONS ET DE L'ENTRETIEN

Certaines procédures d'entretien et de réparation des appareils de chauffage à LD présentent des dangers, car elles mettent en jeu des gaz combustibles, l'électricité à haute tension, des pièces mobiles et des procédures qui nécessitent des mises à l'essai ou la dérivation temporaire des commandes de sécurité. Pour cette raison, l'appareil de chauffage doit être entretenu et réparé uniquement par un technicien professionnel qualifié.

#### DANGERS D'UN ENTRETIEN INADÉQUAT

Les appareils de chauffage à LD comportent des caractéristiques techniques uniques. Une réparation ou un entretien inadéquat peut entraîner des blessures corporelles ou des dommages à la propriété. Pour cette raison, l'appareil de chauffage doit être entretenu et réparé uniquement par un technicien professionnel qualifié.

#### 10.1 General Information

A qualified professional technician must service the Lite2 model LD pool heater using Jandy Pool Products, Inc.'s service procedures. Before calling for service, however, the owner should check for obvious problems. The other components in the pool system, including pump, filters and strainers, water valves, gas supply and time clocks have an effect on heater operation.

Confirm that the LD heater control switch is set to either "POOL" or "SPA" and that the temperature control knob is set high enough to make the heater operate. Make sure the pump is operating, that the filter and strainers are not clogged, that there are no mis-positioned water valves, that the gas is not shut off and that time clocks are properly adjusted. Also be sure that there is no blockage of the vent or louvers which supply combustion air to the burners.

#### 10.2 Natural-Draft Combustion System

The Lite2 model LD pool heater has an atmospheric combustion system. This system is illustrated in Figure 22.

As the heated exhaust gases rise out of the combustion chamber, flow is created through the system and fresh combustion air is drawn into the heater through the louvers cut into the front and sides of the heater. Gas is forced through an orifice into the open end of a burner. When the gas flows into the burner, a "negative" pressure is created at the opening of the burner. This negative pressure pulls air into the burner with the gas and mixes the two together. As the gas/air mixture flows through the burner ports it is ignited in the combustion chamber. Hot combustion products then rise through a highly efficient heat exchanger. Combustion products then enter a flue collector and are directed to the outdoors through the grate top of the heater or a vent pipe and cap.

## 10.3 Heater Components and Their Operation

- 1. **Gas Valve / Regulator** The gas valve controls gas flow into the manifold. It provides flow only when the temperature controls require heat and only if all safety controls enable operation. It is also a *positive pressure regulator*. It regulates the gas pressure in the manifold to specifications addressed earlier in this manual. This is necessary for proper operation of the burner system.
- 2. **LD Temperature Control** The Jandy LD controller is an electronic control which senses water temperature by means of a thermistor and controls heater operation to bring the water to the desired temperature. The desired temperature is set by rotating a knob on the face of the control panel. To achieve accurate water temperatures,



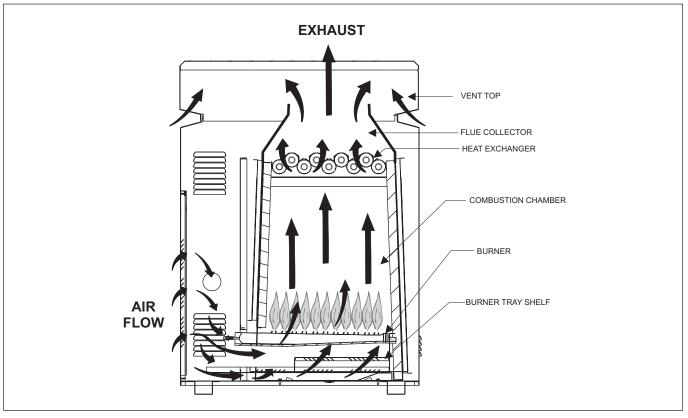


Figure 22. Atmospheric Combustion System

the pool/spa water must be monitored with an accurate pool thermometer. The control has a dual interface to allow switching between separate pool and spa settings or operational and standby settings.

- 3. **Hot Surface Ignition -** The LD heater relies on a hot surface igniter to ignite the burners when the water temperature going through the heater falls below the controller's set point. When the heater's controller calls for heat, a signal is sent to the electronic ignition control, which energizes the hot surface igniter.
- 4. **Transformer -** The transformer is supplied with the available line voltage, either 115 VAC or 230 VAC. The transformer then converts the voltage to 24 VAC which is placed across the temperature controller and safety circuit of the heater. If this current is broken at any time, the gas valve is immediately shut off and the heater stops firing.
- 5. **Limit Switches** Two limit switches prevent excessive water temperature one within the heat exchanger and one for water leaving the heater. If either senses excessive temperature, burner operation is interrupted.

- 6. **Water Pressure Switch** This control senses whether or not water is available to the heater by measuring back pressure inside of the heat exchanger. If the pool water pump fails or the water filter is blocked, the pressure switch prevents operation of the burner.
- 7. **Fusible Link** This is a single-use switch which detects abnormal temperature in the component vestibule. It is a fusible link which is held to the inner panel just above the burner tray by a sheet metal bracket. Excessive temperature in the component compartment, possibly due to a blocked flue or flame roll-out, will cause the link to fail. This opens the safety circuit which shuts off the gas valve and shuts the heater down.
- 8. **Ignition Control -** The ignition control receives a signal from the heater's temperature controller when there is a call for heat. It then checks the safety circuit and coordinates the timing for the energizing of the hot surface igniter and the opening of the gas valve.

#### 10.4 Electrical Troubleshooting

This section describes procedures for checking the electrical power and control components of the heater one at a time and in the order they appear in the control circuit. It is important to follow the sequence of this trouble shooting guide because the safety circuit is connected in series. These procedures require a Volt-Ohm meter with a minimum 0-250VAC voltage range, and 1-1000 Ohm resistance range. Figure 23 shows the power and control circuits and where to take measurements. Location numbers in circles have been added, and will be referenced in the following sections.

The electrical power supply can be checked with the heater not set to fire. All other procedures need to be checked with power correctly supplied to the heater, all external devices set so that the heater is allowed to fire and the heater's thermostat set so that there is a call for heat.

As stated at the beginning of the manual, some of these procedures are hazardous. Only a qualified service technician should service the heater.

#### 10.4.1 Electrical Power Supply

The electrical components of the LD heater is designed to operate with supply voltage ranging from 98V to 126V at 60 Hz if connected to a nominal 115 volt power supply, or 196V to 253V at 60 Hz if connected to a nominal 230 volt power supply. Measure supply voltage at the power supply leads where they enter the heater (identified as points A, B and C on the wiring diagram in Figure 23.). Use the voltages in Table 12 to verify that the correct voltage is supplied to the heater.

If no voltage is present, correct this external power supply problem to the heater. Circuit breakers, time clock settings or similar devices may be the problem. Voltage outside of the above ranges may be due to poor wiring, poor connections, other loads such as air conditioning compressors or to an electric utility company problem. Arrange for correction of the voltage as appropriate.

When you are sure that the voltage supplied to the heater is correct, check the voltage being supplied to the transformer by the power terminal strip. This can be done by measuring the voltage between the wires of the four primary taps on the transformer.

Table 12	Supply	Voltage	Measurements
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MEASURE BETWEEN THESE POINTS	EXPECTED VOLTAGE WITH 230V SUPPLY	EXPECTED VOLTAGE WITH 115V SUPPLY
A and B	98 - 126 Volts	0
A and C	98 - 126 Volts	98 - 126 Volts
B and C	196 - 253 Volts	98 - 126 Volts

- 1. Point A is the ground connection on the heater.
- Point B is the location at which the red power lead is connected to the power terminal strip.
- Point C is the location at which the black power lead is connected to the power terminal strip.

**Table 13. Voltage Supplied To Transformer** 

MEASURE BETWEEN THESE POINTS	EXPECTED VOLTAGE WITH 230V SUPPLY	EXPECTED VOLTAGE WITH 115V SUPPLY
D and E	0	98 - 126 Volts
D and F	98 - 126 Volts	98 - 126 Volts
D and G	98 - 126 Volts	0
E and F	98 - 126 Volts	0
E and G	98 - 126 Volts	98 - 126 Volts
F and G	196 - 253 Volts	98 - 126 Volts

- Point D is the location at which the white wire with the black trace is connected to the transformer.
- Point E is the location at which the white wire with the red trace is connected to the transformer.
- Point F is the location at which the red wire is connected to the transformer.
- 4. Point G is the location at which the black wire is connected to the transformer.

These points are designated as test points D, E, F, and G on Figure 23. The voltages measured between any two of these four points will be determined by the voltage supplied to the transformer (see Table 13 for expected voltages).

If the voltages measured do not fall within the limits shown in Table 13, then there is a problem with the power supply circuit board and the board must be replaced.

#### 10.4.2 Controller

The controller must be operational in order to check the control circuits of the heater. The filter pump must be running to during the remainder of the troubleshooting procedure.

#### 10.4.3 Control Circuit Troubleshooting

The heater controls are arranged in two 24V 60Hz circuits with the operating and safety controls arranged in a series circuit.

Troubleshooting is done by probing for voltage between the common and various points in the circuit to determine which component is preventing operation. Check points are indicated on Figure 23. The red lead of the meter should be attached to the common tap on the secondary side of the transformer and may be left there throughout most of the procedure.

The recommended procedure steps through each circuit in a sequential way, and each section assumes that components from all previous sections have been tested and are operational. However, verifying voltage at any of the numbered points in that circuit confirms that all prior components of the circuit are operational.



#### 10.4.3.1 Transformer

Attach the red lead of the voltmeter to the terminal on the secondary side of transformer with a yellow wire attached to it (common). This is test point 1 on Figure 23. Touch the free lead of the voltmeter to the terminal on the secondary side of transformer with a red wire attached to it (24V tap), test point 2. The voltmeter should read between 20-28 Volts. If the voltage does not fall within the limits mentioned above, replace the transformer.

#### 10.4.3.2 Fuse

Leave the red voltmeter lead in place at test point 1. Touch the black lead of the voltmeter to test point 3, which is where the red wire from the transformer attaches to the fusible link. The meter should read 20-28 Volts. If there is no voltage, the fuse has failed. Inspect the rest of the wiring, especially the safety circuit, to be sure that there is no "short" such as contact of a terminal with the heater chassis or another terminal which may have caused the fuse to fail. Correct any such condition and replace the fuse. Use only a 2 amp, 1 1/4" long x 1/4" diameter, quick acting, glass tube type fuse.

#### 10.4.3.3 Fusible Link

Leave the red voltmeter lead in place at test point 1. Touch the black lead of the meter to the terminal of the fusible link where the white wire from the fireman switch terminal is connected (test point 4).

If no voltage is detected at test point 4, the fusible link has failed. This indicates higher than normal temperatures in the component compartment (vestibule). Normal component compartment temperature is well below 300°F. The fusible link is designed to fail at temperatures above 305°F. Excessive temperature might be due to a blocked flue or heat exchanger. Clean the heat exchanger and clear the flue and vent of any restrictions. Sometimes the fusible link fails due to flame roll-out. Flame roll-out may be caused by delayed ignition or downdrafting in windy areas. Thoroughly investigate the causes for flame roll-out and correct the problem when replacing the fusible link.

## 10.4.3.4 Fireman Switch and External Interlocks

Check the voltage going to the external device. Touch the black lead of the meter to the fireman switch terminal strip where the white wire from the fusible link is connected (test point 5). The meter should read at least between 20 and 28 VAC. If the voltage is not within this range, there may be a bad connection or wire between the fusible link and the terminal strip. The wire may need to be replaced. If voltage of 20 or more is detected at test point 5, move the black lead of the meter to the fireman switch

terminal strip connection where the white wire from the high limit is connected (test point 6). The meter should read within the range of 20-28 VAC. If there is no voltage, the time clock switch or other external interlock may be mis-adjusted, mis-connected or defective. Correct this external problem.

#### 10.4.4 Limit Switches

Since the limit switches are not easily accessible, you can check the voltage going into the component after the limit switches in the circuit. If voltage is detected there, then the limit switches are closed and are operational.

Check the voltage going to the water pressure switch. Leave the red voltmeter lead in place at test point 1. Touch the black lead of the meter to the terminal of the water pressure switch where the white wire is connected (test point 11).

If the voltage is less than 20 VAC, there may be a bad connection, a partial short or a faulty sensor. If there is no voltage, one of the limit switches is open. This is normally due to excessive water temperature, which should be thoroughly investigated before replacement of limit switches. Excessive water temperature may be caused by low water flow. Water flow deficiency may be due to obvious problems such as a defective pump or blocked water filter. Alternatively, excessive water temperature may be due to over-firing, or to a problem with the water piping or the heater's internal bypass control. Over-firing might be a result of an incorrect gas orifice or supply of propane gas to a heater intended for natural gas.

If there are no such fundamental problems, identify which of the switches is open. Limit switch access is through the limit switch cover on the inlet/ outlet header. Remove the cover and retainer bracket from the high limit switches and remove the limit switches from the wells. Move the black lead of the meter to the terminal on the 150°F limit switch (test point 7) that is connected to the fireman switch terminal block. Less than 20 V at this point means that the wire between the terminal block and the limit switch has a poor or broken connection or a partial short. Replace the wire assembly. If at least 20 V is detected at test point 7, then move the black lead of the meter to the other terminal of the 150°F limit switch (test point 8). Low or no voltage here means that the limit is open and must be replaced.

If 20 V or more is detected at test point 8, move the black lead of the meter to the terminal on the 135°F limit switch (test point 9) that is connected to the 150°F limit switch. Less than 20 V at this point means that the wire between the two limit switches has a poor or broken connection or a partial short. Replace the wire assembly. If at least 20 V is detected at test point 9, then move the black lead of the meter to the other terminal of the 135°F limit switch (test

point 10). Low or no voltage here means that the limit is open and must be replaced. If voltage is detected at test point 10, move the black lead of the meter to the terminal of the water pressure switch where the white wire from the high limits is connected (test point 11). Less than 20 V at this point indicates that the wire connecting the high limits to the water pressure switch is faulty or poorly connected. Correct the problem or replace the wire.

**Note:** The limit switches have different trip points, and it is important that replacements are correct. The 150°F switch has a red dot on the top of the brass fitting, and must be installed in the lower (horizontal) well in the header. The 135°F switch has no dot and must be installed in the upper (vertical) well in the header.

#### 10.4.5 Water Pressure Switch

If the meter shows at least a 20 V signal at test point 11, move the black lead of the meter to the other terminal on the water pressure switch (test point 12).

If there is no voltage, the pressure switch contacts are open. This is almost always due to a water flow deficiency, the most common one being a blocked water filter or defective pump. However, sometimes it is due to blockage of the copper siphon loop tube or misadjustment of the switch. Investigate thoroughly, referring to Section 7.5 on "Water Pressure Switch Adjustment". If there is no problem with the pool system or pressure switch adjustment, replace the pressure switch.

#### 10.4.6 Temperature Control

The temperature control consists of two major components which must work together correctly for the signal to be transmitted to the gas valve. The two components are the temperature control panel and the temperature sensor (thermistor). Use the following procedure to check each component for functionality.

Check the temperature control as a complete circuit before checking each component individually. With the red lead of the meter still at test point 1, place the black lead of the meter on the IND terminal of the ignition control (test point 19) where the black wire with a yellow trace is connected. Push the lead of the meter into the plastic insulator of the connector along side of the wire to make contact. If the meter shows more than 20 V at the pressure switch (test point 12) but not at test point 19, then one of the components of the temperature control is faulty. Proceed with the following sections to test the components.

#### 10.4.6.3 Temperature Sensor

Remove the temperature control panel from the bezel on the front of the heater to gain access to the temperature sensor connections. The temperature sensor is a 0-20,000 ohm thermistor. Set your ohmmeter to the 0-20K range. The meter readings will depend on the temperature of the water in the header. See the chart below for approximate readings at various temperatures.

To test the temperature sensor, circulate water through the heater for 5 minutes. Remove the temperature sensor wires from the temperature control board. Place one lead of the meter on each wire of the temperature sensor (test points 17 & 18). Record the reading. Measure and record the water temperature of the pool near the inlet of the filter system. Find the temperature in the chart that is closest to your temperature reading of the pool water. Compare your ohmmeter reading to the resistance number in the chart. Remember that this is an approximate reading and numbers may vary. If your reading is close to the numbers indicated in the chart then the temperature sensor is working correctly. Reconnect the wires to the circuit board. If your reading is vastly different or outside of the ranges shown the temperature sensor should be replaced.

WATERTEMP. IN HEADER °F (°C)	APPROX. RESISTANCE IN 1000'S OF OHMS (kOhms)
50 (10)	19.9
60 (15)	15.5
70 (21)	11.9
80 (26)	9.3
90 (32)	7.3
100 (38)	5.8

#### 10.4.6.2 Temperature Controller

First check the continuity of the yellow wire that connects the controller to the gas valve. Remove the wire from the terminal on the controller and the terminal of the gas valve. Set your meter to read ohms. Connect the black lead of the meter to one end of the yellow wire (test point 15) and the red lead to the other end of the wire (test point 16). If the meter does not show zero ohms, replace the wire. Reconnect the wire to the controller and the gas valve.

Now check the rest of the controller circuitry. Be sure that the rotary switch is in the "POOL" or "SPA" position. Place the red lead of the meter back on the common terminal of the transformer (test point 1). Place the black lead of the meter on the controller's circuit board terminal (test point 13) where the black wire from the pressure switch is connected. Less than 20 V at this point indicates that there is a problem with the black wire that connects the pressure switch to the controller. If at least 20 V is detected at test point 13, move the black meter lead to the terminal on the



controller circuit board where the black wire with a yellow trace is connected (test point 14). A reading of less than 20 V here indicates a faulty controller. If the reading is more than 20 V, turn the rotary switch to "OFF" and then "POOL" or "SPA" again to be sure that the internal contacts are working correctly. The voltmeter reading should drop to zero when the switch is "OFF" and return to at least 20 V when the switch is placed back in the "POOL" or "SPA" position.

#### 10.4.7 Gas Valve

The gas valve consists of an internal operating valve and a regulator. The valve supplies gas to the main burners for heater operation. The regulator allows limited adjustment of the manifold pressure.

The gas valve will operate only when there is a call for heat, all safety circuits have been satisfied and after the igniter has been energized. If the gas valve does not operate under these conditions, check the voltage going to the gas valve. Leave the red voltmeter lead at the common terminal of the transformer (test point 1). Move the black meter lead to the "valve" terminal on the ignition control where the brown wire from the gas valve is connected (test point 20). If the voltage is not within the range of 20 -28 VAC, check that the igniter is energized and glowing. (There is a 40 second heat up time between the initial energizing of the igniter and the activation of the gas valve). If the igniter is energized, the 40 second heat up time has passed and the meter does not show 20-28 VAC, then the ignition control is faulty and will need to be replaced. If 20-28 V is shown at test point 20 move the black lead of the meter to the terminal on the gas valve where the brown wire is connected (test point 21). This test point will have voltage present only during a trial for ignition or during normal operation. The meter should read 20-28 Volts. If there is no voltage, then there is a bad connection between the gas valve and the controller. Replace the brown wire.

Listen closely to the gas valve when it is first activated (24V first appears at test point 21 during the trial for ignition). There should an audible "click" when the valve opens.

If there is voltage at test point 21, but the gas valve does not open, replace the valve.

#### 10.4.8 Igniter/Ignition Control Circuit

#### **A**WARNING

The igniter, power supply circuit board and some terminals of the ignition control utilize 115V or 230V power and require appropriate servicing precautions. Note that wires and terminals of these components may be "hot" even when the component is not operating.

#### **A** AVERTISSEMENT

Le dispositif d'allumage, le circuit d'alimentation électrique et certaines bornes de la commande d'allumage utilisent une tension de 120 V ou de 220 V et exigent des précautions appropriées lors du service d'entretien et de réparation. Notez que les fils et les bornes de ces composants peuvent être chauds même si le composant ne fonctionne pas.

Check the resistance of the igniter. Disconnect the hot surface igniter form the ignition control and the red wire that leads to the power supply terminal strip. Set your meter to read in the range of 0-100 ohms. Place one lead of the meter in the connector at the end of each of the igniter wires (test points H and I). The resistance should read between 40 and 75 Ohms at ambient air temperature. If the meter reads outside of this range or shows an open or short circuit, replace the igniter.

Check the voltage supplied to the igniter. Set your voltmeter to read in a range to up to 120 VAC. Place one lead of the meter in the connector on the end of the red wire coming from the power supply terminal strip (test point J). If the heater is supplied with 115 VAC, place the other meter lead on the "IGN/120" terminal (test point K) on the ignition control. The meter should read between 98 and 126 VAC. If the heater is supplied with 230 VAC, place the other meter lead on the "IGN/240" terminal (test point L) on the ignition control. The meter should read between 98 and 126 VAC if read with a RMS meter or 50-65 VAC if read with a non RMS meter. If the meter shows voltages outside of the corresponding range, either the ignition control or the red wire connected to the power supply terminal strip is faulty.

Check the red wire, its connections and terminals. If the wire is sound, replace the ignition control.

# SECTION 11. Replacement Parts

#### 11.1 Ordering Information

To order or purchase parts for the Lite2 model LD pool/spa heater, contact your nearest Jandy dealer or distributor. See the Jandy web page at www.Jandy.com for the nearest service center. If they cannot supply you with what you need, contact the Customer Service Manager at Jandy Pool Products, Inc., P.O. Box 6000, Petaluma, California, 94954, Telephone (707) 776-8200 extension 245.

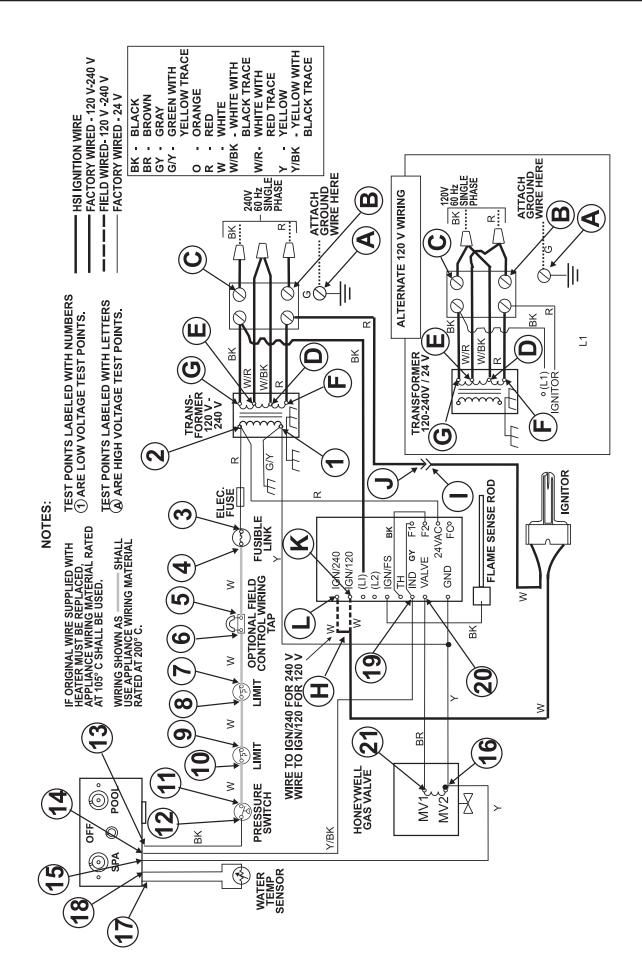


Figure 23. Trouble Shooting Test Points



Order

Model

NOTE: To supply the correct part it is important that you state the model number, serial number and type of gas when applicable. This information is on the rating plate inside the heater.

#### 11.2 Parts List

The following three pages contain a parts list, general exploded view and detailed exploded views to aid in parts identification. Please refer to these pages when ordering parts for your Lite2 pool/spa heater.

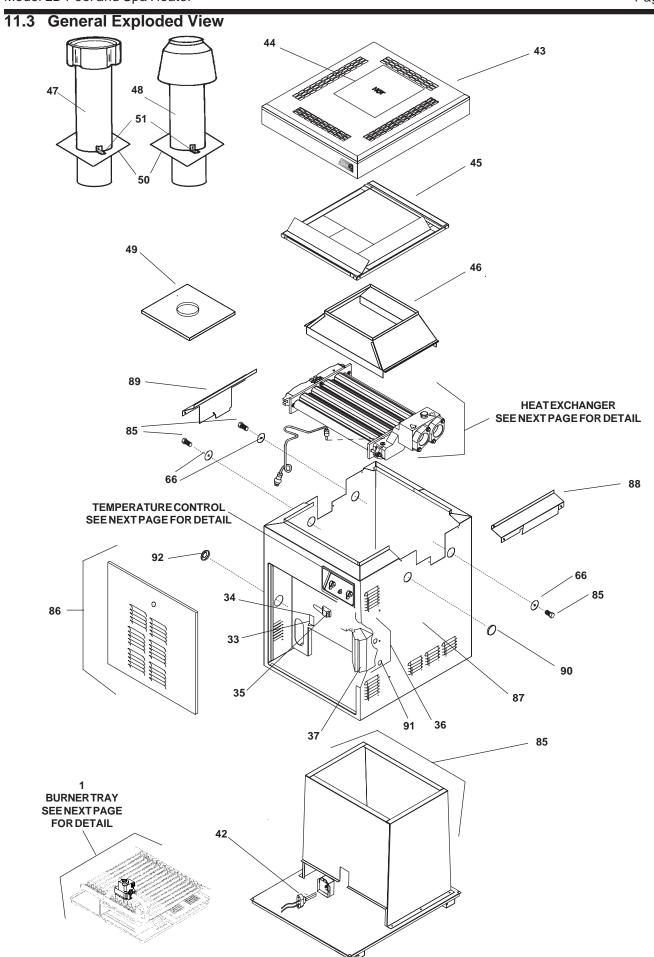
No   Description   MAINGASASSEMBLY   No   Part No.	Key			Model	Order
Burner Tray Assy, LPG	No	Description !	MAIN GAS ASSEMBLY	No	Part No.
Burner Tray Assy, LPG		D T A NAT	-	405 400	D0040004.05
Burner Tray, Shelf Only					
3         Gas Valve, NAT -         All         R0317100           3         Gas Valve, LPG -         All         R0319600           4         Gas Orifice, NAT 0 - 3,000 ft alt. (EA.) (Note 1) All         L0032200           4         Gas Orifice, LPG 0 - 5,000 ft alt. (EA.) (Note 2) All         L0032200           5         Anti-Rotation Bracket         All         10835900           6         Burner Manifold         125         L0062200           7         Burner Manifold         175         L0006300           7         Burner Manifold         250         L0006500           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006500           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006500           8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           10         Plate Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0011800           12         Temperature Control Label         All         R0011800           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb					
3         Gas Valve, LPG - Gas Orifice, NAT 0 - 3,000 ft alt. (EA.) (Note 1) All L0032200         L0032200           4         Gas Orifice, LPG 0 - 5,000 ft alt. (EA.) (Note 2) All L0032200         L0032200           5         Anti-Rotation Bracket         All L0052300           6         Burner, Main         All L0052300           7         Burner Manifold         125 L00052200           7         Burner Manifold         250 L0006300           7         Burner Manifold         250 L0006500           8         Burner Manifold         325 L0006500           9         Burner Manifold         400 L0006600           ELECTRICAL SYSTEM           8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly - LD         All R0011700           10         Plate Assembly All 10457800           11         Knob, Single Bar All R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label All H0166500           13         Temperature Control Label All H0166500           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb All E0116400           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb All E0116400           16         Thermostat Knob, Black All R001700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok" All R001700			niy		
4         Gas Orifice, NAT 0 - 3,000 ft alt. (EA.) (Note 1) All         L0032200           4         Gas Orifice, LPG 0 - 5,000 ft alt. (EA.) (Note 2) All         L0032900           5         Anti-Rotation Bracket         All         10835900           6         Burner Manifold         125         L0052300           7         Burner Manifold         125         L0062200           7         Burner Manifold         250         L0006400           8         Burner Manifold         325         L0006500           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006600           ELECTRICAL SYSTEM           8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10594600           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         H0166500           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0099900           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         10444					
4         Gas Orifice, LPG 0 - 5,000 ft alt. (EA.) (Note 2) All         L0032900           5         Anti-Rotation Bracket         All         10835900           6         Burner, Main         All         L0052230           7         Burner Manifold         125         L0052200           7         Burner Manifold         250         L0006300           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006500           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006600           8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10594600           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0011700           12         Temperature Control Label         All         R0011800           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         E0101400           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-			0.000 # -# /FA \ /N-1- 4\		
5         Anti-Rotation Bracket         All         10835900           6         Burner, Main         All         L0052300           7         Burner Manifold         125         L0052200           7         Burner Manifold         175         L0006300           7         Burner Manifold         250         L0006500           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006500           8         Termer Manifold         400         L0006600           ELECTRICAL SYSTEM           8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10457800           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         R0099900           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O' Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         E0116400           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R00107000					
6         Burner, Main         All         L0052300           7         Burner Manifold         125         L0052200           7         Burner Manifold         175         L0006300           7         Burner Manifold         250         L0006400           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006500           7         Burner Manifold         400         L0006600           ELECTRICAL SYSTEM           8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10594600           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         H0166500           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0019900           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         10444900           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         1058310					
7         Burner Manifold         125         L0052200           7         Burner Manifold         175         L0006300           7         Burner Manifold         250         L00066400           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006500           7         Burner Manifold         400         L0006600           ELECTRICAL SYSTEM           8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10457800           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         R0019900           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         10444900           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         1058310           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         10069800					
7         Burner Manifold         175         L0006300           7         Burner Manifold         250         L0006400           7         Burner Manifold         325         L0006500           7         Burner Manifold         400         L0006600           ELECTRICAL SYSTEM           8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10457800           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         R0011800           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         R0011800           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         R0011800           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, Strew (Not Shown)         All         S0070000 <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		,			
Temperature Control Bulb   All   R0011700					
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Burner Manifold					
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM					
8         Temperature Control Assembly - LD         All         R0011700           9         Wire Harness Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10594600           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         H0166500           13         Temperature Control Label         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         E0116400           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         S0070000           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0070000           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0003330           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0091300	,	burrier Marillolu		400	L0006600
9         Wire Harness Assembly         All         10457800           10         Plate Assembly         All         10594600           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         H0166500           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         E0116400           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         10583100           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0070000           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         R0097600           23         Pressure Switch, \$2 PSI         All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, \$1 PSI         All         R0013200           25 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
10         Plate Assembly         All         10594600           11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         H0166500           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         R0010700           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         S0070000           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0068800           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0033300           23         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R009100           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0011300           2			,		
11         Knob, Single Bar         All         R0099900           12         Temperature Control Label         All         H0166500           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         10444900           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         10583100           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0070000           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F00333300           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0011300           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0015500	-		bly		
12         Temperature Control Label         All         H0166500           13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         10444900           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         10583100           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0070000           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0099100           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0015500           26         High-Limit Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R00222700 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
13         Temperature Sensor         All         R0011800           14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         E0116400           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         10583100           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0070000           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         F0033300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0099100           23         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0057800					
14         Protector Sleeve, Bulb         All         10444900           15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         E0116400           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         10583100           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0069800           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         F0033300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0099100           23         Pressure Switch Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI)All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         R0023000			_abel		
15         "O" Ring, Temperature Control Bulb         All         E0116400           16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         10583100           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0069800           19         Bezel         All         S0069800           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0011300           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0015500           26         High-Limit Switch, Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         R0022700           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer All         10418300					
16         Thermostat Knob, Black         All         R0010700           17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         10583100           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0069800           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0015500           26         High-Limit Switch, 4ssembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         R002300     <					
17         Stop Plate, "Temp-Lok"         All         10583100           18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0069800           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0023200           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         R0023000           30         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10418300					
18         Temperature Control Gasket         All         S0070000           19         Bezel         All         S0069800           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0011300           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0022700           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           31         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10418300 <td></td> <td></td> <td>(</td> <td></td> <td></td>			(		
19         Bezel         All         S0069800           20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0023000           28         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         R0023000           29         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           30         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418400           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300					
20         Stop Plate Screw (Not Shown)         All         F0033300           21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1-PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         R0022700           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10479900           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>asket</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			asket		
21         Temperature Sensor Retainer Bracket         All         10447300           22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022200           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0022300           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R097800			'hown)		
22         Retainer Bracket Screw         All         F0009100           23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0023200           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0023000           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10418200           33         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900					
23         Pressure Switch & Siphon Loop Assembly (2 PSI) All         R0097600           24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0011500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0022200           27         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R00223000           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R00344600           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
24         Pressure Switch, 2 PSI         All         R0013200           24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0011300           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0022300           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R00344600           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R00408100					
24         Pressure Switch, 1 PSI         All         R0011300           24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R00223000           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         R0097800           35         Terminal Block         All         R0344600           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0408100           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800      <					
24         Pressure Switch, 1-10 PSI         All         R0015500           25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R00223000           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0498100           37         Ignition Control         All         R0498100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
25         Siphon Loop Assembly         All         R0057800           26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0023000           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           35         Terminal Block         All         R097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0408100           37         Ignition Control         All         R0059800           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All					
26         High-Limit Switch Assembly         All         R0023200           27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0023000           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         R0012200           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         1045000           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All		,			
27         High-Limit Switch, 135° F         All         R0022700           28         High-Limit Switch, 150° F         All         R0023000           29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10480000           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000					
28       High-Limit Switch, 150° F       All       R0023000         29       High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot       All       S0098900         30       High-Limit Switch Wire Harness       All       10419300         31       High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip       All       10418400         32       High-Limit Switch Cover       All       10418300         33       Fusible Link Assembly       All       R0012200         34       Fusible Link Bracket       All       10479900         35       Terminal Block       All       R0097800         36       Ignition Control Assembly       All       R0344600         37       Ignition Control       All       R0408100         38       Harness Assembly (Not Shown)       All       R0059800         39       Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)       All       R0061100         40       Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)       All       10451200         41       In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)       All       10480000					
29         High-Limit Switch Retainer Boot         All         S0098900           30         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         1047990           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000					
30         High-Limit Switch Wire Harness         All         10419300           31         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000					
31         High-Limit Switch Retainer Clip         All         10418400           32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000					
32         High-Limit Switch Cover         All         10418300           33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000					
33         Fusible Link Assembly         All         R0012200           34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000					
34         Fusible Link Bracket         All         10479900           35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000			•		
35         Terminal Block         All         R0097800           36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000					
36         Ignition Control Assembly         All         R0344600           37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000					
37         Ignition Control         All         R0408100           38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000			olv		
38         Harness Assembly (Not Shown)         All         R0059800           39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000		0	,		
39         Transformer (115V/220V-24V) (Not Shown)         All         R0061100           40         Ignition Control Panel (Not Shown)         All         10451200           41         In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown)         All         10480000			lot Shown)		
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41 In-Line Fuse Assembly (Not Shown) All 10480000					
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5 10011200			, ,		

Key		Model	Order
No	Description	No	Part No.
	*		
	VENTSYSTEM		
43	Top Enclosure	125-400	R0343401-05
44	Top Filler Plate	125-400	R0343701-05
45	Rainshield Kit	125-400	R0318301-05
46	Flue Collector Assembly	125-400	R0316401-05
47	Outdoor Vent Cap	125-400	10561501-05
48	Indoor Drafthood	125-400	10561401-05
49	Flue Transition Plate	125-400	10861901-05
50	Adapter Plate	125-400	10535301-05
50	Clip	All	10211000
52	Flue Collector Hold Down Clamp	All	10726000
	MATER SYSTEM		
53	WATER SYSTEM Inlet/Outlet Header, 2"	All	R0056400
53	Inlet/Outlet Header, Bronze, 2"	All	R0016800
54	Return Header (Includes set of 9 gaskets)	All	R0058300
54	Return Header, Bronze (Includes set of 9 gaskets)		R0054600
55	Header Bolt Assembly (Set of 8)	All	R0057000
56	Bolt for Headers, 2 1/2"	All	F0046100
57	Washer for Headers	All	F0011100
58	Nut for Headers	All	F0003100
59	Header Gasket Assembly (Set of 18)	All	R0050800
	Flange & Gasket Assembly (Set of 2)	All	
60	, , ,		R0055000 10573500
61	Flange, Cooket, 3"	All All	
62	Flange Gasket, 2"		S0078000
63	Flange Sleeve, 2"	All	S0078200
64	Flange Bolt	All	F0031700
65	Flange Gasket, 1 1/2 - 2"	All	S0078100
66	Rubber Grommet for Drain Plug	All	R0316300
67	Grommet, Slitted (Not Shown)	All	S0071100
68	Brass Connector Body	All	P0019701
69	Brass Drain Plug 1/4"	All	P0026800
70	Brass Plug, 3/4"	All	P0027000
71	By-Pass Assembly w/o spring (Iron Cap)	All	R0013100
71	By-Pass Assembly with spring (Bronze Cap)	125-400	
72	By-Pass Valve Rod	All	S0079800
73	Brass Nut (For Rod)	All	F0048400
74	By-Pass Valve Disc	All	R0011500
75	By-Pass Valve Control Cap (Iron)	All	10452200
75	By-Pass Valve Control Cap (Bronze)	All	10557400
76	Control Cap Bolts (2 Required)	All	F0041600
77	By-Pass Valve Spring, Purple	125	S0079900
77	By-Pass Valve Spring, White	175	S0061400
77	By-Pass Valve Spring, Red	250	S0061300
77	By-Pass Valve Spring, Blue	325	S0061200
77	By-Pass Valve Spring, Black	400	S0070100
78	By-Pass Valve Gasket	All	R0011400
79	Heat Exch. Tube Assy. (Incl. set of 18 gaskets)		
80			10697401-05
81	Baffle Retainer	All	S0083900
82	Heat Exchanger Support Clip (2 Required)	All	10457000
83	Flow Restrictors (2 Required) (Not Shown)	125	S0000300
84	Heat Exchanger End Baffles (2 Required)	125-400	R0332301-05
	FIREBOX COMPONENTS		
85	Complete Combustion Chamber Assy.	125-400	R0316701-05
	JACKETCOMPONENTS		
86	Door with Latch	125-400	
87	Jacket Assembly, Less Top Assembly	125-400	
88	Gap Closure, Inlet/Outlet	All	R0344300
89	Gap Closure, Return	All	R0344400
90	Button Plug, 1-3/4"	All	F0035300
91	Button Plug, 7/8"	All	F0032300
92	Button Plug, 2" (With hole for gas line)	All	F0056600
	OPTIONAL COMPONENTS		
	Non Combustible Base	125-400	10521701-05
	Pressure Relief Valve 3/4" NPT, 75 PSI	All	R0040400
	Touch Up Spray Paint, Grey	All	R0335800
	Flame Sense Rod, Retrofit	All	R0334300
	Igniter Condensate Shield, Retrofit Kit	All	R0334200
	<u> </u>		

#### Notes:

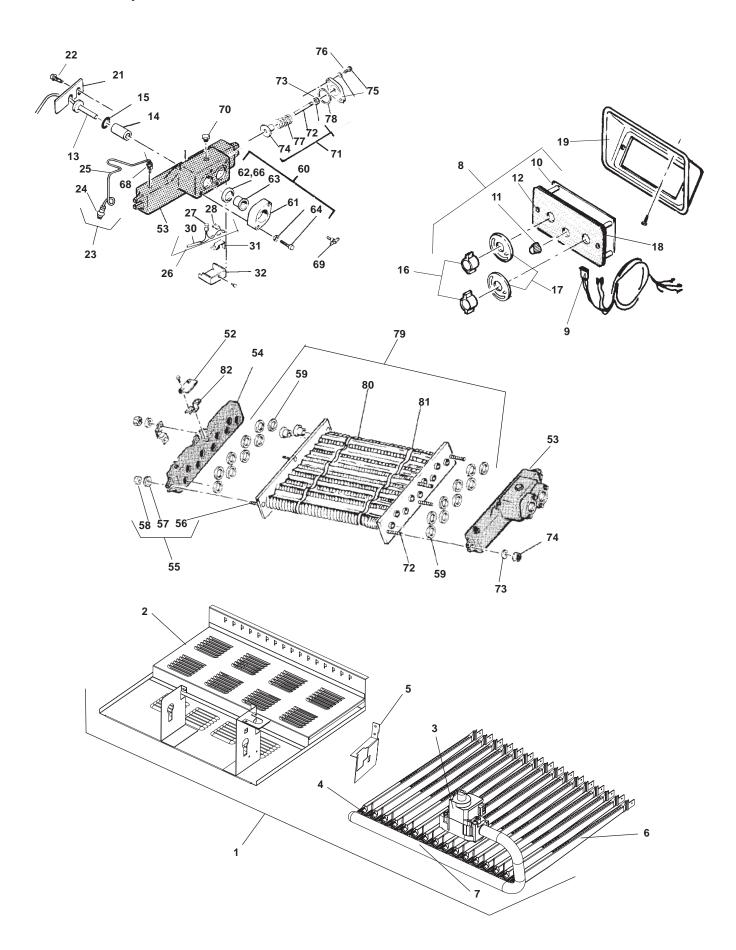
Key

- 1. For altitudes 2,000 Ft above sea level, call factory for orifice size.
- 2. For altitudes 5,000 Ft above sea level, call factory for orifice size.





### 11.4 Detailed Exploded View



NOTES

Jandy® is a trademark of Jandy Pool Products, Inc. All other brand names, product names or trademarks belong to their respective holders.



NOTES

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### LIMITED WARRANTY

Thank you for purchasing Jandy® pool and spa products. Jandy Pool Products, Inc. warrants all parts to be free from manufacturing defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of retail purchase, with the following exceptions:

- AguaLink® RS units installed with Jandy Surge Protection Kits will be covered for two years.
- NeverLube® valves are warranted for the life of pool and/or spa on which they were originally installed.

This warranty is limited to the first retail purchaser, is not transferable, and does not apply to products that have been moved from their original installation sites. The liability of Jandy Pool Products, Inc. shall not exceed the repair or replacement of defective parts and does not include any costs for labor to remove and reinstall the defective part, transportation to or from the factory, and any other materials required to make the repair. This warranty does not cover failures or malfunctions resulting from the following:

- Failure to properly install, operate or maintain the product(s) in accordance with our published Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manuals provided with the product(s).
- 2. The workmanship of any installer of the product(s).
- 3. Not maintaining a proper chemical balance in your pool and/or spa [pH level between 7.2 and 7.8, Total Alkalinity (TA) between 80 to 120 ppm, Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) less than 2000].
- 4. Abuse, alteration, accident, fire, flood, lightning, rodents, insects, negligence or acts of God.
- 5. Scaling, freezing, or other conditions causing inadequate water circulation.
- 6. Operating the product(s) at water flow rates outside the published minimum and maximum specifications.
- 7. Use of non-factory authorized parts or accessories in conjunction with the product(s).
- 8. Chemical contamination of combustion air or improper use of sanitizing chemicals, such as introducing sanitizing chemicals upstream of the heater and cleaner hose or through the skimmer.
- 9. Overheating, incorrect wire runs; improper electrical supply; collateral damage caused by failure of O-Rings, DE grids, or cartridge elements; or damage caused by running the pump with insufficient quantities of water.

#### LIMITATION OF LIABILITY:

This is the only warranty given by Jandy Pool Products, Inc. No one is authorized to make any other warranties on Jandy Pool Products, Inc.'s behalf, THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES. EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND MERCHANTABILITY. JANDY POOL PRODUCTS, INC. EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXCLUDES ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL. INCIDENTAL. INDIRECT OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF ANY EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. This warranty gives you specific legal rights. You may also have other rights which vary by state or province.

#### WARRANTY CLAIMS:

For prompt warranty consideration, contact your dealer and provide the following information: proof of purchase, model number, serial number and date of installation. The installer will contact the factory for instructions regarding the claim and to determine the location of the nearest designated service center. If the dealer is not available, you can locate a service center in your area by visiting www.jandy.com or by calling our technical support department at (707) 776-8200 extension 260. All returned parts must have a Returned Material Authorization number to be evaluated under the terms of this warranty.





